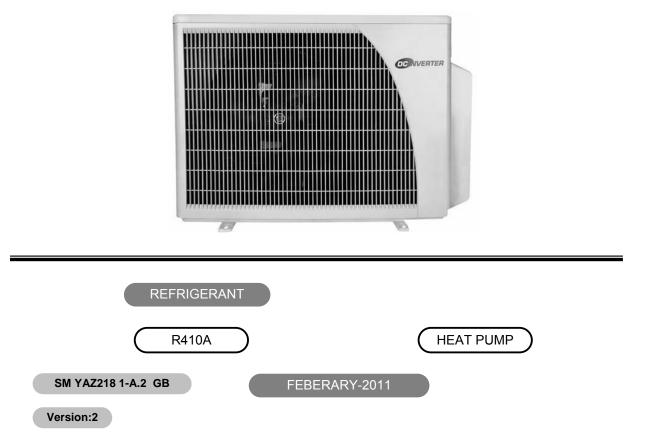
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# YAZ218

Indoor Units	Outdoor Units
AWSI-PNXA009/012-N11	
CK09/12 DCI	
SX09/12 DCI	
DLF09/12 DCI	AWAU-YAZ218-H11
XLF09/12 DCI	
AWSI-XLD009/012-N11	
AWSI-HAD007/009/012-N11	
AWSI-HFD007/009/012-N11	



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#### LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

**Note:** Changes in the pages are indicated by a "Revision#" in the footer of each effected page (when none indicates no changes in the relevant page). All pages in the following list represent effected/ non-effected pages divided by chapters.

Dates of issue for original and changed pages are:

Original ... 01... 27 December, 10

Total number of pages in this publication is **94** consisting of the following:

Page	Revision	Page	Revision	Page	Revision
No.	No. #	No.	No. #	No.	No. #

\* Zero in this column indicates an original page.

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### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 General

The YAZ218 is a multi-tubing system with two connected indoor units. The multi-split inverter is a high-level technology product for residential and commercial application offering comfort, low noise operation and energy saving.

#### 1.2 Main Features

#### 1.2.1 High Technology

- Sine wave form for compressor driving.
- DC-BL-SL (Sensor less) Inverter Compressor drive.
- High-speed MCU calculation for accurate Sine wave control.
- Smart PFC control.
- Fuzzy Logic Control

#### 1.2.2 System Features

- R410A
- High COP ("A" class energy rating)
- Low noise levels
- IAQ (Indoor Air Quality) features (LEX/PNX series)
- Lego concept Products line of wall mounted, floor/ceiling, cassette, ducted with capacity models of 2.2, 2.5 and 3.5 kW.
- Networking connectivity.
- Pre-charged system.
- Ready for Base heater connection and logic.
- Cooling operation at outdoor temperature down to -10°C.
- Heating operation at outdoor temperature down to -15°C.
- HMI Display Board (Human-Machine Interface) 3x7-segment display shows both indoor and outdoor diagnostics and setting up features.
- Monitoring software(PC port).
- EEV (Electronic Expansion Valve) for each indoor unit.

#### 1.3 Tubing Connections

Flare type interconnecting tubing to be produced on site. For further details, please refer to APPENDIX A on this manual, and to the relevant indoor service Manual.

#### 1.4 Inbox Documentation

Each indoor unit is supplied with its own installation and operation manuals.

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#### 1.5 Matching Table

INDO	OR UNITS			
Aut	AWSI-PNXA009-N11 AWSI-PNXA012-N11			
	CK09 DCI CK12 DCI			
	SX09 DCI SX12 DCI			
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	DLF09 DCI DLF12 DCI			
	XLF09 DCI / AWSI-XLD009-N11 XLF12 DCI / AWSI-XLD012-N11			
	AWSI-HAD007-N11 AWSI-HAD009-N11 AWSI-HAD012-N11			
	AWSI-HFD007-N11 AWSI-HFD009-N11 AWSI-HFD012-N11			

### 1.6 Indoor Unit combinations

YAZ218					
Unit A	Unit B	Code Sum			
22	22	2			
22	25	2			
22	35	2.5			
25	25	2			
25	35	2.5			
35	35	3			

Nominal Indoor Units Combination

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**PRODUCT DATA SHEET** 2.

2.1

### **Outdoor YAZ218 Specifications**

Mod	el Indoor Unit				•	•
	el Outdoor Unit				YAZ	218
	allation Method of Pipe	<u> </u>			Fla	
Characteristics		Units	Cooling	Heating		
		Btu/hr	17050(4090~21840)	20480(3410~23200)		
Cap	acity (4)			kW	5.0(1.2-6.4)	6.0(1.0-6.8)
Pow	er input (4)			kW	1.47(0.42-2.25)	1.66(0.39-1.85)
	(Cooling) or COP(He	atina) (4)		W/W	3.40	3.61
	rgy efficiency class	J/( /			A	A
	0, ,			V	220-	-240
Pow	er supply			Ph	1	
				Hz	5	0
Rate	ed current			А	6.5	7.4
Pow	er factor				0.97	0.97
	ed (IDU)			W	See DC	I Single
	ed (IDU+ODU)			W	28	
	ting current			А	10	-
Circ	uit breaker rating			A	2	0
NDOOR						
8					See DC	I Single
₽					000 20	i cirigio
=	Defriment control				EE	-1/
	Refrigerant control					
	Compressor type, m	lodel			Single Rotary, DCI, Panasonic 5RS132ZAD2	
	Fan type & quantity		Н	RPM	Propeller(direct) x 1 900	
	Fan speeds		H	m3/hr		
	Air flow Sound power level		H H		2160	
ц	Sound pressure level	2/(2)	H	dB(A) dB(A)	<u>63</u> 53	
8	Dimensions	=1(3)	WxDxH	( )		÷
ĕ	Net Weight		VVXDXN	mm kg	795x610x290 39	
OUTDOOR	Package dimension	0	WxDxH	mm	945x655x395	
0	Packaged weight	5	WADAIT	kq	42	
	Units per pallet			Units	9	
	Stacking height			units	3 levels	
	Refrigerant type			unito	842	
	Standard charge			kg(7.5m)	1.4	
	Additional charge				No N	
		Liquid line		In.(mm)	1/4"(0	
		Suction lin		In.(mm)	3/8"(	,
			g length for			,
Ċ	Connection	single IOD		m	Max.	25m
3IN	method between		erence between			
TUBING	the indoor and	indoor uni		m	Max	5m
F	outdoor units		erence between			
		indoor & o		m	Max.	10m
		-	al tubing length		May	.30m
One	ration control type				Remote	
	ting elements (Option)	)		kW	Remote	CONTROL
iica	ers	/				

(1)Airflow in ducted units; at nominal external static pressure. (2)Sound power in ducted units is measured at air discharge.

(3)Sound pressure level measured at 1-meter distance from unit.

(4)Rating conditions in accordance to ISO 5151 and ISO 13253 (for ducted units).
 (5)Nominal capacity is measured with the combination of 2x LEX 25 DCl and 7.5m tubing each unit. Maximum capacity is measured with the combination of LEX 35 DCl + LEX 35 DCl

and 7.5m tubing each unit.

Minimum capacity is measured with LEX 25 DCI and 7.5m tubing.

## 2.2 Indoor Units Data

### 2.2.1 AWSI-PNXA009-N11

Mode	el Indoor Unit		AWSI-PNXA009-N11	
Instal	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Powe	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-230V/1 Ph/50 Hz
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1050/900/800
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	530/430/330
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	51/ - /39
	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	39/ - /26
INDOOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1
NDC	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
=	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	810x285x210
	Net Weight		kg	11.5
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	870x356x282
	Packaged weight		kg	14
	Units per pallet		units	28
	Stacking height		units	7 levels

#### 2.2.2 AWSI-PNXA012-N11

Mode	l Indoor Unit	AWSI-PNXA012-N11		
Instal	lation Method of Pipe	Flared		
Powe	Power supply			220-230V/1 Ph/50 Hz
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1100/950/800
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	550/450/350
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	52/ - /39
	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	40/ - /26
JOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.5
NDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
_	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	810x285x210
	Net Weight		kg	11.5
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	870x356x282
	Packaged weight		kg	14
	Units per pallet		units	28
	Stacking height		units	7 levels



#### 2.2.3 CK09 DCI

Model Indoor Unit				CK09 DCI	
Installation Method of Pipe			Flare	d	
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-230V/1 I	Ph/50 Hz
	Fan type & quantity			Centrifug	al x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	550/500/450	600/520/450
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	420/370/320	470/390/320
	External static pressure Min		Ра	0	
	Sound power level (2)	H/M/L	dB(A)	49	49
	Sound pressure level(3)	H/M/L	dB(A)	32/30/28	34/31/28
<b>NOR</b>	Moisture removal		l/hr	0.7	
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm 20		
_	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	575X575X219(625X62	5X40/725X725X40)
	Net Weight		kg	12.9(2.2	/2.7)
	Package dimensions     WxHxD       Packaged weight		mm	681X681X297(700X700)	X103/800X800X103)
			kg	16.2(3.4/4.2)	
	Units per pallet		units	12	
	Stacking height		units	6 leve	ls

### 2.2.4 CK12 DCI

Model Indoor Unit				CK12 DCI	
Installation Method of Pipe			Flare	d	
Powe	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-230V/1 I	Ph/50 Hz
	Fan type & quantity			Centrifug	al x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	600/520/450	650/550/450
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	470/390/320	510/420//320
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0	
	Sound power level (2)	H/M/L	dB(A)	51	51
~	Sound pressure level(3)	H/M/L	dB(A)	34/31/28	36/32/28
JOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.5	
NDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	20	
=	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	575X575X219(625X625X40/725X725X40	
	Net Weight		kg	12.9(2.2	/2.7)
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	681X681X297(700X700)	X103/800X800X103)
	Packaged weight		kg	16.2(3.4/4.2)	
	Units per pallet		units	12	
	Stacking height		units	6 levels	

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### 2.2.5 SX09 DCI

Mod	Model Indoor Unit			SX09 DCI
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Centifugal x 2
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	760/670/500
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	400/350/300
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2)	H/M/L	dB(A)	54/49/41
с	Sound pressure level(3)	H/M/L	dB(A)	42/37/29
Q	Moisture removal		l/hr	1
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	820x630x190
	Net Weight		kg	21
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	920x726x273
	Package weight		kg	25
	Units per pallet		units	14units per pallet
	Units stacking		units	7 levels

### 2.2.6 SX12 DCI

Model Indoor Unit			SX12 DCI	
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Powe	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Centifugal x 2
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	830/760/500
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	450/400/300
	External static pressure	Min	Ра	0
	Sound power level (2)	H/M/L	dB(A)	56/53/41
R	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	45/41/30
10	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.5
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≧	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	820x630x190
	Net Weight		kg	22
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	920x726x273
	Package weight		kg	26
	Units per pallet		units	14units per pallet
	Units stacking		units	7 levels

### 2.2.7 DLF09 DCI

Mod	el Indoor Unit			DLF09 DCI
Insta	Illation Method of Pipe		DUCTED	
Pow	Power supply			220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Centifugal x 2
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	920/810/740
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	620/560/490
	External static pressure Min -Max		Ра	0-30
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	50/47/44
2	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	29/26/23
Q	Moisture removal		l/hr	0.5
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	19
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	750x630x200
	Net Weight		kg	20
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	885x695x226
	Package weight		kg	23
	Units per pallet		units	14units per pallet
	Units stacking		units	7 levels

### 2.2.8 DLF12 DCI

Mod	el Indoor Unit			DLF12 DCI
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			DUCTED
Pow	Power supply			220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Centifugal x 2
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	980/860/730
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	650/580/490
	External static pressure	Min-Max	Pa	0-30
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	53/49/45
Ŷ	Sound pressure level(3)	H/M/L	dB(A)	31/27/24
INDOOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.0
ă	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	19
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	750x630x200
	Net Weight		kg	20
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	885x695x226
	Package weight		kg	23
	Units per pallet		units	14units per pallet
	Units stacking		units	7 levels

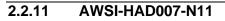
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### 2.2.9 XLF09 DCI

Mod	el Indoor Unit			XLF09 DCI/XLD009-N11
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Helicoid x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	520/490/450
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	390/370/330
	External static pressure Min		Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	55
Я	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	38/35/32
INDOOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1
DQI	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
$\leq$	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	570x570x160
	Net Weight		kg	13.5
	Package dimensions WxHxD		mm	700x700x255
	Packaged weight		kg	15.5
	Units per pallet		units	16
	Stacking height		units	8levels

#### 2.2.10 XLF12 DCI

Mod	el Indoor Unit			XLF12 DCI/ XLD012-N11
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Helicoid x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	540/510/450
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	400/370/310
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	56
2	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	39/36/33
INDOOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.6
IDC	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	570x570x160
	Net Weight		kg	14
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	700x700x255
	Packaged weight		kg	16
	Units per pallet		units	16
	Stacking height		units	8evels



Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HAD007-N11
Insta	allation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1050/900/750
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	350/300/250
	External static pressure Min		Pa	0
	Sound power level (2)		dB(A)	53
പ	Sound pressure level(3)	H/M/L	dB(A)	37/32/27
	Moisture removal		l/hr	0.9
NDOO	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	680 x250 X188
	Net Weight	-	kg	7
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	740x310x248
	Packaged weight		kg	10
	Units per pallet		units	32
	Stacking height		units	8

### 2.2.12 AWSI-HAD009-N11

Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HAD009-N11
Insta	Illation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity	_		Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1150/1000/800
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	420/350/270
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	54
r	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	40/35/29
Ö	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.0
NDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	680 x250 X188
	Net Weight		kg	7
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	740x310x248
	Packaged weight		kg	10
	Units per pallet		units	32
	Stacking height		units	8

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### 2.2.13 AWSI-HAD012-N11

Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HAD012-N11
Insta	Illation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	Power supply			220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1150/950/750
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	550/450/350
	External static pressure	Min	Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	56
r	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	40/34/28
ğ	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.5
NDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	840x250x188
	Net Weight		kg	8
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	900x310x248
	Packaged weight		kg	11
	Units per pallet		units	32
	Stacking height		units	8

#### 2.2.14 AWSI-HFD007-N11

Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HFD007-N11
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	Power supply			220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1100/950/800
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	350/300/250
	External static pressure Min		Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	48/44/41
2	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	36/31/28
8	Moisture removal		l/hr	0.9
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	680x250x185
	Net Weight		kg	7
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	740x320x265
	Packaged weight		kg	10
	Units per pallet		units	36 units per pallet
	Stacking height		units	9 levels

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### 2.2.15 AWSI-HFD009-N11

Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HFD009-N11
Insta	Installation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1200/1050/850
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	420/350/270
	External static pressure Min		Pa	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	54/50/47
2	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	39/35/32
0	Moisture removal		l/hr	1
INDOOR	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
≤	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	680x250x185
	Net Weight		kg	7
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	740x320x265
	Packaged weight		kg	10
	Units per pallet		units	36 units per pallet
	Stacking height		units	9 levels

#### 2.2.16 AWSI-HFD012-N11

Mod	el Indoor Unit			AWSI-HFD012-N11
Insta	llation Method of Pipe			Flared
Pow	er supply		V/Ph/Hz	220-240/1/50
	Fan type & quantity			Crossflow x 1
	Fan speeds	H/M/L	RPM	1200/1000/850
	Air flow (1)	H/M/L	m3/hr	550/450/350
	External static pressure	Min	Ра	0
	Sound power level (2) H/M/L		dB(A)	56/50/46
2	Sound pressure level(3) H/M/L		dB(A)	39/33/29
INDOOR	Moisture removal		l/hr	1.5
ğ	Condenstate drain tube I.D		mm	16
$\leq$	Dimensions	WxHxD	mm	840x250x185
	Net Weight		kg	8
	Package dimensions	WxHxD	mm	930x320x265
	Packaged weight		kg	11
	Units per pallet		units	36 units per pallet
	Stacking height		units	9 levels

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### 3. RATING CONDITIONS

Rating conditions in accordance with ISO 5151 and ISO 13253 (for ducted units).

Cooling:

Indoor: 27°C DB 19°C WB Outdoor: 35 °C DB

#### Heating:

Indoor: 20°C DB Outdoor: 7°C DB 6°C WB

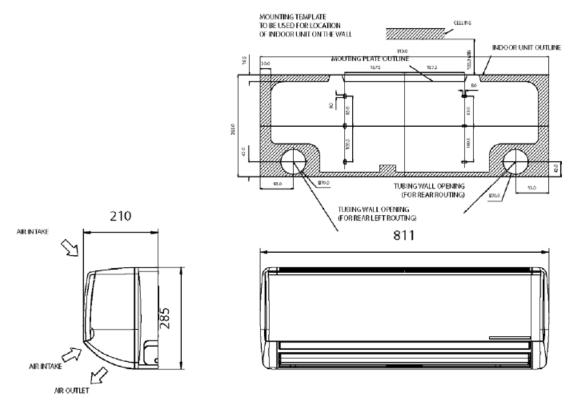
### 3.1 Operating Limits

		Indoor	Outdoor	
Cooling	Upper limit	32°C DB 23°C WB	46°C DB	
Cooling	Lower limit	21°C DB 15°C WB	-10°C DB	
Heating	Upper limit	27°C DB	24°C DB 18°C WB	
пеациу	Lower limit	10°C DB	-15°C DB -16°C WB	
Voltage	1PH	198 – 264 VAC		
voltage	3PH	N/A		

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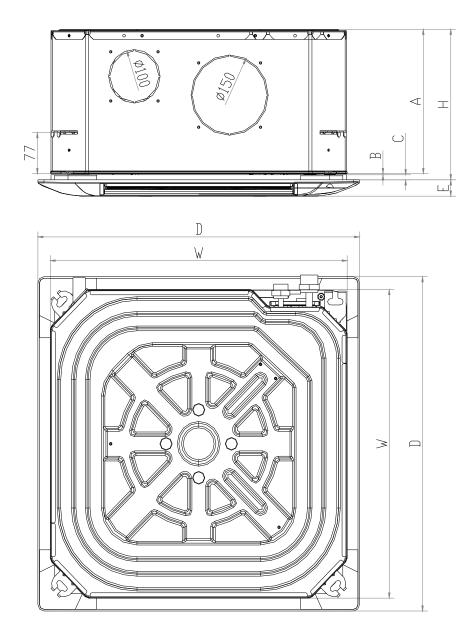
### 4. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

### 4.1 Indoor Unit : PNXA009/012



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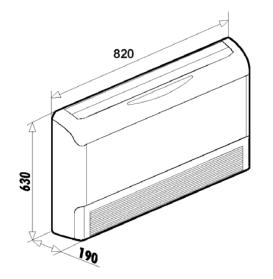
4.2 Indoor Unit : CK09/12 DCI



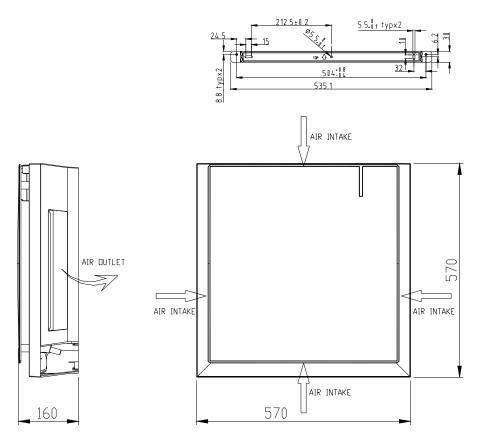
Unit Model	Main unit A	Insulation B	Front Step C	Front width D	Front height E	Effective Height H
25/35	219	2	9	625/725	40	230

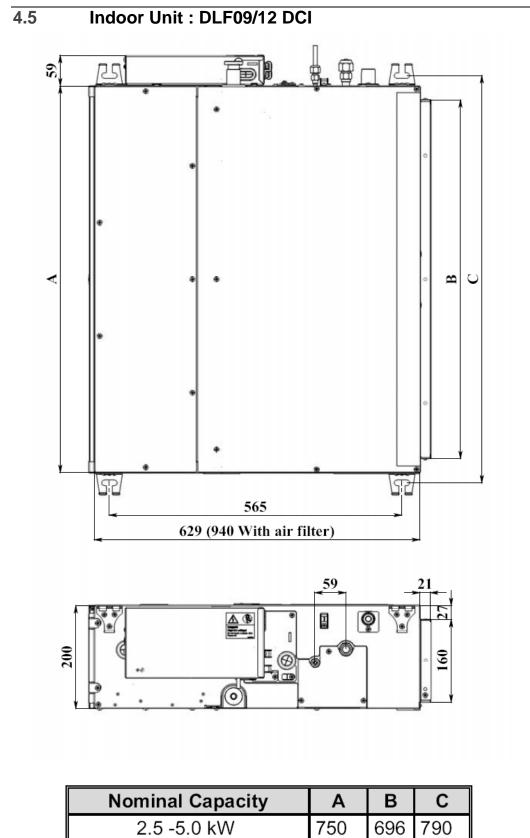
Airwell

### 4.3 Indoor Unit : SX09/12 DCI



### 4.4 Indoor Unit : XLF09/12 DCI





6.0-7.2 kW

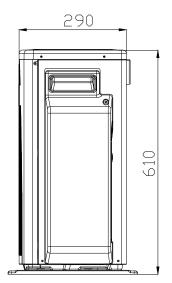
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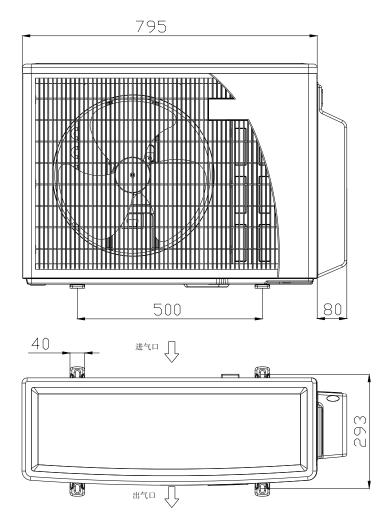
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1090

Airwell

### 4.6 OUTDOOR UNIT : YAZ218





Airwell

### 5. **PERFORMANCE DATA**

### 5.1 Outdoor Unit YAZ218 DCI Combinations

### 5.1.1 Cooling

operating	Capacity					Power Consumption [W]			COP	Energy
Indoor model	A	В	Nom.	Min.	Max.	Nom.	Min.	Max.	Nominal	Efficiency Class
7	2200		2200	1200	2500	600	420	900	3.67	А
9	2500		2500	1200	3600	700	420	1000	3.57	А
12	3500		3500	1200	4300	1000	420	1200	3.50	А
7+7	2200	2200	4400	1700	5000	1200	500	1800	3.67	А
7+9	2060	2640	4700	1700	5800	1300	500	2000	3.62	А
7+12	1840	3160	5000	1800	6000	1470	550	2100	3.40	А
9+9	2500	2500	5000	1800	6000	1470	550	2100	3.40	А
9+12	2140	2860	5000	1800	6300	1470	550	2130	3.40	А
12+12	2500	2500	5000	1800	6400	1470	550	2130	3.40	А

Nominal Indoor Units Combination

#### 5.1.2 Heating

Operating		Capacity					Power Consumption [W]			Energy
indoor model	A	В	Nom.	Min.	Max.	Nom.	Min.	Max.	Nominal	Efficiency Class
7	2600		2600	1000	3000	720	375	800	3.61	А
9	3000		3000	1000	4000	830	375	1500	3.61	А
12	4000		4000	1000	4500	1100	375	1700	3.64	А
7+7	2200	2200	4400	1700	5000	1200	500	1800	3.67	А
7+9	2060	2640	4700	1700	5800	1300	500	1800	3.62	А
7+12	2210	3790	6000	1800	6000	1660	550	1800	3.61	А
9+9	3000	3000	6000	2000	6500	1660	580	1800	3.61	А
9+12	2570	3430	6000	2000	6650	1660	580	1890	3.61	А
12+12	3000	3000	6000	2000	6800	1660	580	1890	3.61	А

Nominal Indoor Units Combination

SM YAZ218 1-A.2 GB

Airwell

### 5.2 PNXA009

### 5.2.1 Cooling Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

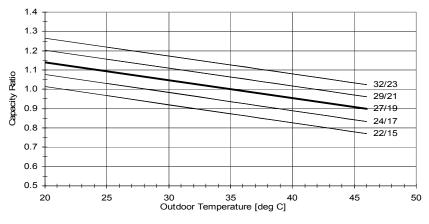
230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [°C]				URE [ºC]
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	22/15	24/17	27/19	29/21	32/23
-10 - 20	TC		- 08	110 % of nor	minal	
(protection range)	SC		- 80	105 % of nor	minal	
(p	PI		25 -	50 % of non	ninal	
	TC	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22
25	SC	1.01	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.09
	PI	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.85
	TC	0.92	0.98	1.05	1.11	1.17
30	SC	0.98	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.07
	PI	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.94
	тс	0.87	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.13
35	SC	0.96	0.98	1.00	1.02	1.04
	PI	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.03
	тс	0.83	0.89	0.95	1.02	1.08
40	SC	0.93	0.95	0.97	1.00	1.02
	PI	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.11	1.12
	TC	0.77	0.83	0.90	0.96	1.02
46	SC	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.99
	PI	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.23

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor

#### 5.2.2 Capacity Correction Factors



#### PERFORMANCE DATA

### 5.2.3 Heating Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

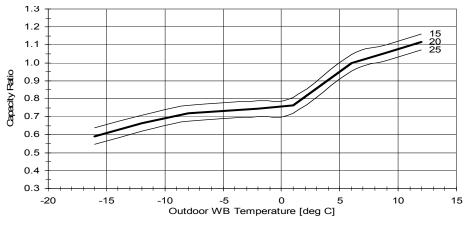
230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [°C]				
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	15	20	25		
-15/-16	тс	0.64	0.59	0.55		
10/ 10	PI	0.60	0.66	0.72		
-10/-12	TC	0.71	0.66	0.62		
-10/-12	PI	0.72	0.78	0.85		
-7/-8	TC	0.76	0.72	0.67		
-77-0	PI	0.82	0.88	0.94		
-1/-2	TC	0.79	0.75	0.70		
- 17-2	PI	0.86	0.92	0.98		
2/1	TC	0.81	0.76	0.72		
2/1	PI	0.89	0.95	1.01		
7/6	тс	1.04	1.00	0.96		
110	PI	0.94	1.00	1.06		
10/9	тс	1.10	1.06	1.01		
10/3	PI	1.00	1.06	1.12		
15/12	TC	1.16	1.12	1.07		
13/12	PI	1.05	1.11	1.17		
15-24	TC	85 - 105 % of nominal				
(Protection Range)	PI	8	80 - 120 % of nomina	al		

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor

#### 5.2.4 Capacity Correction Factors



Airwell

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### 5.3 PNXA012

### 5.3.1 Cooling Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

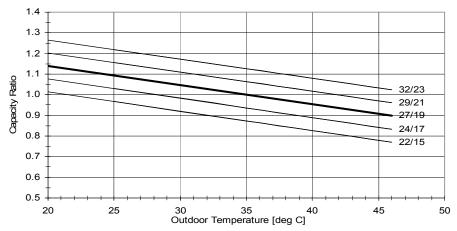
230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [°C				URE [ºC]
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	22/15	24/17	27/19	29/21	32/23
-10 - 20	ТС		- 08	110 % of no	minal	
(protection range)	SC		- 08	105 % of no	minal	
(protootion raingo)	PI		25 -	50 % of non	ninal	
	ТС	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22
25	SC	1.01	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.09
	PI	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.85
	ТС	0.92	0.98	1.05	1.11	1.17
30	SC	0.98	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.07
	PI	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.94
	тс	0.87	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.13
35	SC	0.96	0.98	1.00	1.02	1.04
	PI	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.03
	тс	0.83	0.89	0.95	1.02	1.08
40	SC	0.93	0.95	0.97	1.00	1.02
	PI	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.11	1.12
	TC	0.77	0.83	0.90	0.96	1.02
46	SC	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.99
	PI	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.23

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor

#### 5.3.2 Capacity Correction Factors



#### PERFORMANCE DATA

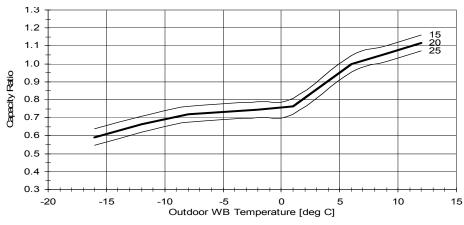
### 5.3.3 Heating Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [°C]				
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	15	20	25		
-15/-16	TC	0.64	0.59	0.55		
10/ 10	PI	0.60	0.66	0.72		
-10/-12	TC	0.71	0.66	0.62		
-10/-12	PI	0.72	0.78	0.85		
-7/-8	TC	0.76	0.72	0.67		
-77-0	PI	0.82	0.88	0.94		
-1/-2	TC	0.79	0.75	0.70		
- 1/-2	PI	0.86	0.92	0.98		
2/1	TC	0.81	0.76	0.72		
2/1	PI	0.89	0.95	1.01		
7/6	тс	1.04	1.00	0.96		
110	PI	0.94	1.00	1.06		
10/9	тс	1.10	1.06	1.01		
10/5	PI	1.00	1.06	1.12		
15/12	TC	1.16	1.12	1.07		
13/12	PI	1.05	1.11	1.17		
15-24	TC	8	85 - 105 % of nomina	al		
(Protection Range)	PI	8	80 - 120 % of nomina	al		

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor



#### 5.3.4 Capacity Correction Factors

Airwell

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### 5.4 CK09 DCI

### 5.4.1 Cooling Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

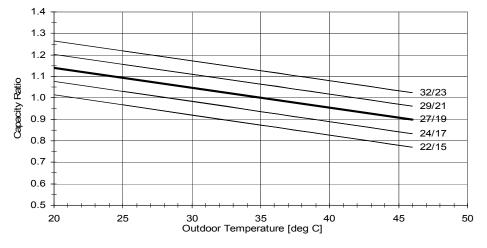
#### 230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

				ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [°C]				
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	22/15	24/17	27/19	29/21	32/23		
-10 - 20	TC		- 08	110 % of noi	minal			
(protection range)	SC		- 08	105 % of noi	minal			
(protoction range)	PI		25 -	50 % of non	ninal			
	тс	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22		
25	SC	1.01	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.09		
	PI	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.85		
	TC	0.92	0.98	1.05	1.11	1.17		
30	SC	0.98	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.07		
	PI	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.94		
	тс	0.87	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.13		
35	SC	0.96	0.98	1.00	1.02	1.04		
	PI	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.03		
	тс	0.83	0.89	0.95	1.02	1.08		
40	SC	0.93	0.95	0.97	1.00	1.02		
	PI	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.11	1.12		
	TC	0.77	0.83	0.90	0.96	1.02		
46	SC	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.99		
	PI	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.23		

#### **LEGEND**

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor

#### 5.4.2 Capacity Correction Factors



#### PERFORMANCE DATA

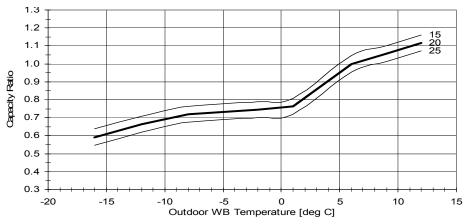
### 5.4.3 Heating Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [°C]				
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	15	20	25		
-15/-16	тс	0.64	0.59	0.55		
10/ 10	PI	0.60	0.66	0.72		
-10/-12	TC	0.71	0.66	0.62		
-10/-12	PI	0.72	0.78	0.85		
-7/-8	TC	0.76	0.72	0.67		
-77-0	PI	0.82	0.88	0.94		
-1/-2	TC	0.79	0.75	0.70		
- 1/-2	PI	0.86	0.92	0.98		
2/1	TC	0.81	0.76	0.72		
2/1	PI	0.89	0.95	1.01		
7/6	TC	1.04	1.00	0.96		
110	PI	0.94	1.00	1.06		
10/9	тс	1.10	1.06	1.01		
10/3	PI	1.00	1.06	1.12		
15/12	TC	1.16	1.12	1.07		
13/12	PI	1.05	1.11	1.17		
15-24	TC	8	35 - 105 % of nomina	al		
(Protection Range)	PI	8	30 - 120 % of nomina	al		

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor



#### 5.4.4 Capacity Correction Factors

Airwell

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### 5.5 CK12 DCI

### 5.5.1 Cooling Capacity Factors - Unit A,B

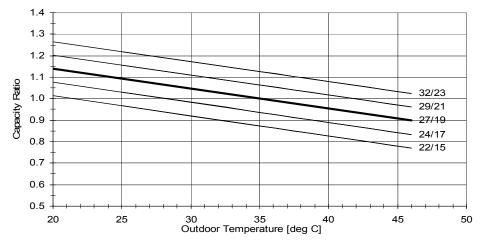
230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [°C]				URE [ºC]
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	22/15	24/17	27/19	29/21	32/23
-10 - 20	TC		- 08	110 % of noi	minal	
(protection range)	SC		- 08	105 % of noi	minal	
(protootion range)	PI		25 -	50 % of non	ninal	
	TC	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22
25	SC	1.01	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.09
	PI	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.85
	TC	0.92	0.98	1.05	1.11	1.17
30	SC	0.98	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.07
	PI	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.94
	тс	0.87	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.13
35	SC	0.96	0.98	1.00	1.02	1.04
	PI	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.03
	тс	0.83	0.89	0.95	1.02	1.08
40	SC	0.93	0.95	0.97	1.00	1.02
	PI	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.11	1.12
	TC	0.77	0.83	0.90	0.96	1.02
46	SC	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.99
	PI	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.23

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C)
- DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- ID Indoor
- OD Outdoor

#### 5.5.2 Capacity Correction Factors



#### **PERFORMANCE DATA**

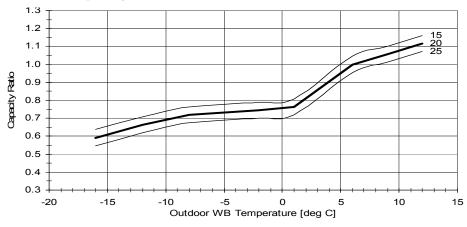
#### Heating Capacity Factors - Unit A,B 5.5.3

230[V] : Indoor Fan at High Speed.

		ID COIL ENTERING AIR DB TEMPERATURE [°C]				
OD COIL ENTERING AIR DB/WB TEMPERATURE [ºC]	DATA	15	20	25		
-15/-16	TC	0.64	0.59	0.55		
	PI	0.60	0.66	0.72		
-10/-12	TC	0.71	0.66	0.62		
-10/-12	PI	0.72	0.78	0.85		
-7/-8	TC	0.76	0.72	0.67		
-77-0	PI	0.82	0.88	0.94		
-1/-2	TC	0.79	0.75	0.70		
- 1/-2	PI	0.86	0.92	0.98		
2/1	TC	0.81	0.76	0.72		
2/1	PI	0.89	0.95	1.01		
7/6	тс	1.04	1.00	0.96		
110	PI	0.94	1.00	1.06		
10/9	тс	1.10	1.06	1.01		
10/3	PI	1.00	1.06	1.12		
15/12	TC	1.16	1.12	1.07		
13/12	PI	1.05	1.11	1.17		
15-24	TC	85 - 105 % of nominal				
(Protection Range)	PI	8	80 - 120 % of nomina	al		

#### LEGEND

- TC Total Cooling Capacity
- SC Sensible Capacity
- PI Power Input
- WB Wet Bulb Temperature (°C) DB Dry Bulb Temperature (°C)
- Indoor ID –
- OD -Outdoor



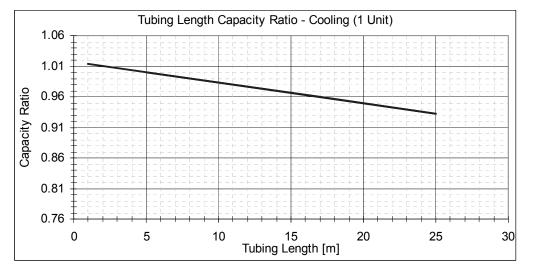
#### 5.5.4 **Capacity Correction Factors**

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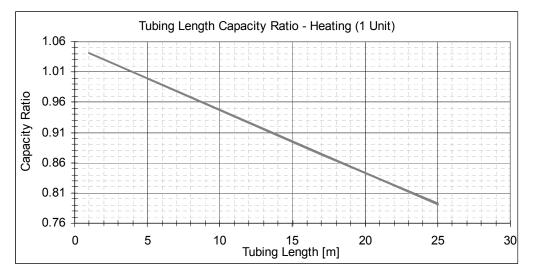
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## 5.6 Tubing Length Capacity Correction Factor

5.6.1 Cooling



#### 5.6.2 Heating

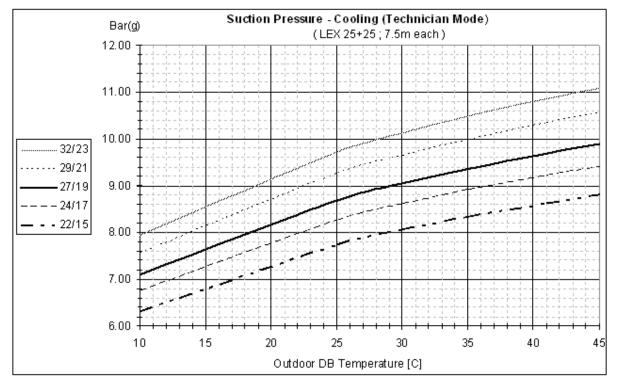


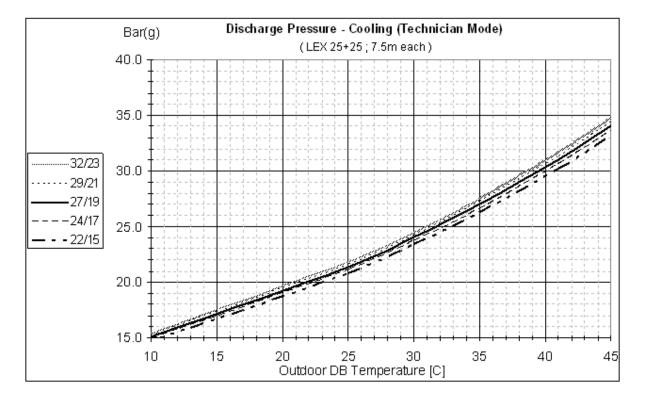
Airwell

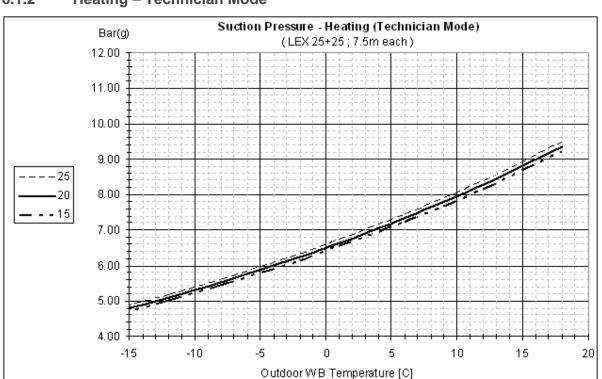
### 6. **OPERATING CURVES**

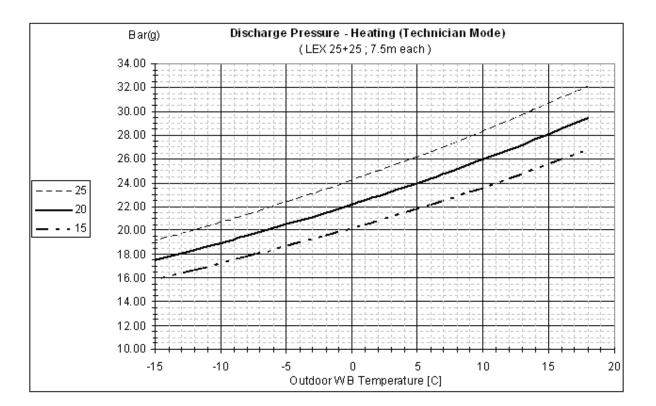
### 6.1 Model: YAZ218 DCI

#### 6.1.1 Cooling – Technician Mode







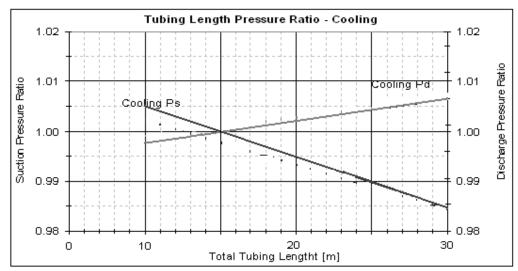


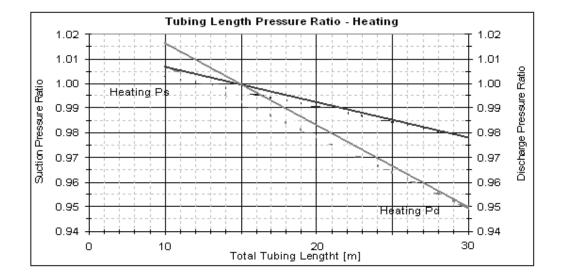
#### 6.1.2 Heating – Technician Mode

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#### **OPERATING CURVES**







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## 7. ELECTRICAL DATA

Power Supply	1 PH, 220-240 VAC, 50Hz
Connected to	Outdoor
Maximum Current	13.7 A
Inrush Current	35 A
Starting Current	10A
Circuit breaker	20A
Power supply wiring no. x cross section	3 X 2.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
Interconnecting cable no. x cross section	4 X 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (For each IDU)

Note:

- Inrush current is the current when power is up. (charging the DC capacitors at outdoor unit controller).
- Starting current is the current when starting the compressor

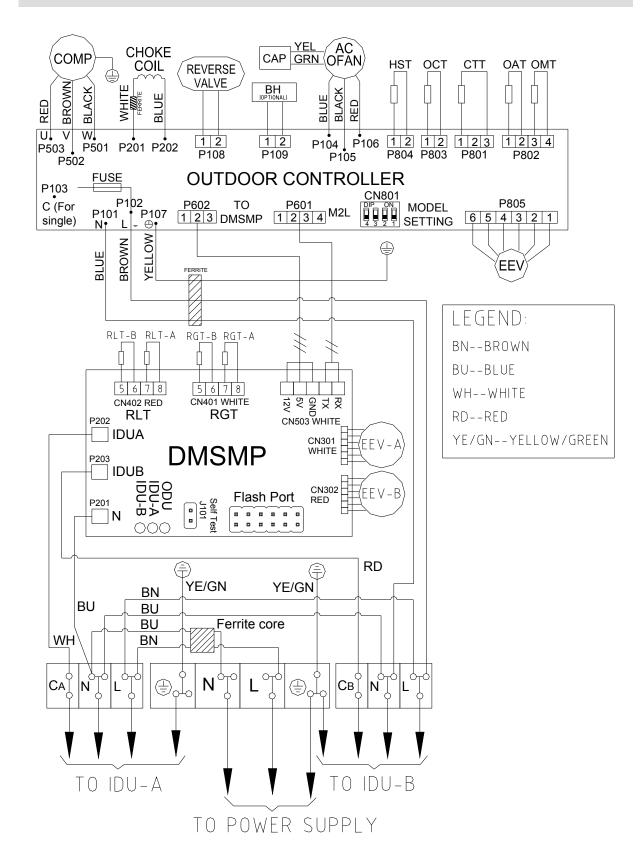
NOTE

Power wiring cord should comply with local lows and electrical regulations requirements.

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8.

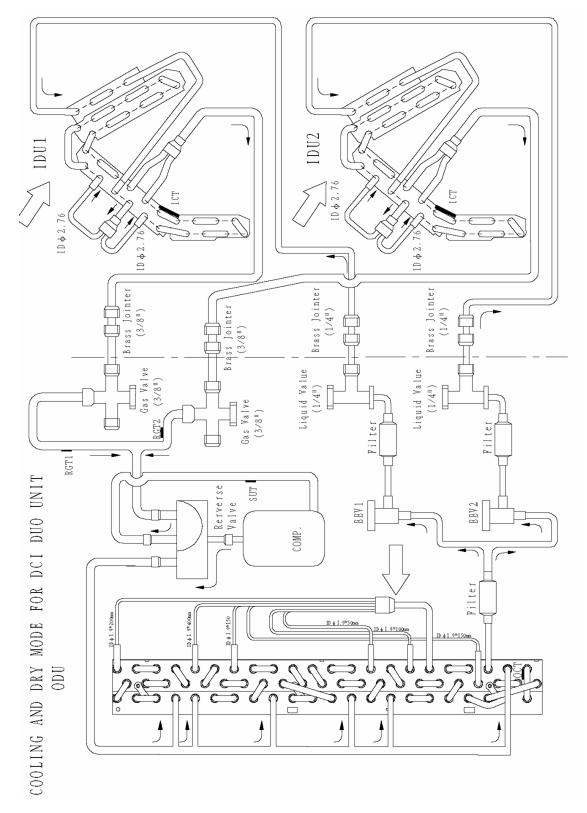
#### WIRING DIAGRAM



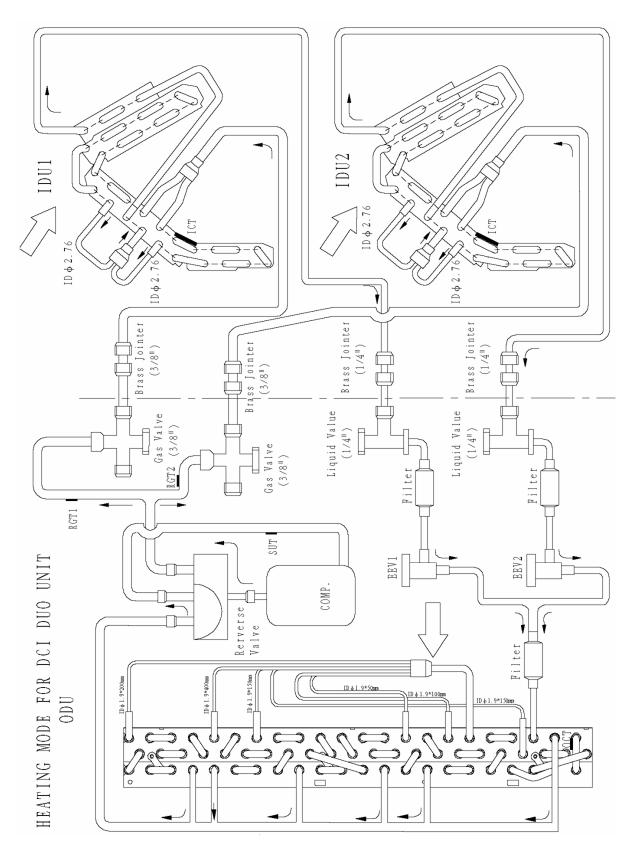
Airwell

## 9. **REFRIGERATION DIAGRAM**

## 9.1 YAZ218 Cooling Mode

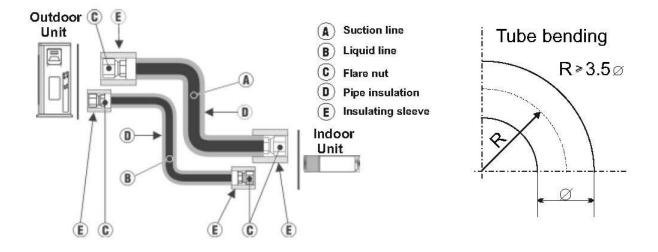


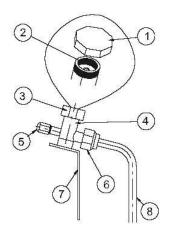
## 9.2 YAZ218 Heating Mode



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## 10. TUBING CONNECTIONS





Tube (Inch) TORQUE(N.m.)	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"
FLARE NUTS	11-13	40-45	60-65	70-75	80-85
VALVE CAP	13-20	13-20	18-25	18-25	40-50
SERVICE PORT CAP	11-13	11-13	11-13	11-13	11-13

**Tightening Torque Values** 

- 1. Valve Protection Cap-end
- 2. Use Allen Wrench to open/close the Refrigerant Valve
- 3. Valve Protection Cap
- 4. Refrigerant Valve
- 5. Service Port Cap
- 6. Flare Nut
- 7. Unit Back Side
- 8. Copper Tube
- When the outdoor unit is installed above the indoor unit an oil trap is required every 5m along the suction line at the lowest point of the riser. In case the indoor unit is installed above the outdoor no trap is required.

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## 11. CONTROL SYSTEM

## 11.1 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Definition	
A/C	Air Condition	
BMS	Building Management System	
PWR	System Power	
CTT	Compressor Top Temperature sensor	
DCI	DC Inverter	
EEV	Electronic Expansion Valve	
HE	Heating Element	
НМІ	Human Machine Interface	
HST	Heat Sink Temperature sensor	
Hz	Hertz (1/sec) – electrical frequency	
ICT	Indoor Coil Temperature (RT2) sensor	
IDU	Indoor Unit	
MCU	Micro Controller Unit	
OAT	Outdoor Air Temperature sensor	
OCT	ODU Coil Temperature sensor	
OMT	Outdoor middle coil temperature	
ODU	Outdoor Unit	
OFAN	Outdoor Fan	
PFC	Power Factor Corrector	
RAC	Residential A/C	
RC	Reverse Cycle (Heat Pump)	
RGT	Return Gas Temperature sensor	
RLT	Return Liquid Temperature sensor	
RPS	Rounds per second (mechanical speed)	
RV	Reverse Valve	
SB,STBY	Stand By	
S/W	Software	
TBD	To Be Defined	
TMR	Timer	

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## 11.2 **Product Overview**

#### 11.2.1 Compressor

DC brush less and sensor less motor inverter driven compressor.

#### 11.2.2 Outdoor Fan

AC motor.

#### 11.2.3 RV

Reverse Valve set the direction of refrigerant flow in the system, thus setting the operation mode for cooling or heating.

When the solenoid is powered, system will work in heat mode.

#### 11.2.4 EEV's

Expansion valve operated by step motor which controls the size of the orifice.

#### 11.2.5 HMI

Three "7-Segments"

#### 11.2.6 Temperature Sensors

- CTT Compressor Top Temperature
- OAT Outdoor Air Temperature
- OMT- Outdoor middle coil temperature
- OCT Outdoor Coil (heat exchanger) Temperature
- HST Heat Sink Temperature
- RGT1..4 Indoor Unit 1..4 Returned Gas Temperatures
- RLT 1..4 Indoor Unit 1..4 Returned Liquid Temperatures

## 11.2.7 Base Heater

Heating element designed to melt any ice that is accumulated on the outdoor unit base during low heating operation.

## **11.3 General Operating Rules**

## 11.3.1 Initialization

Initialization process is the first operation done each time power is up. The targets of the initialization are:

- Addressing of IDU's
- Identification of connected IDU's
- IDU Matching Check
- EEV's homing (reset position)
- Restoring Parameters from EEPROM/Jumpers/Dipswitches

#### 11.3.1.1 IDU's Initialization

## 11.3.1.1.1 Capacity Codes Setting

The capacity groups of the IDU's are translated into capacity codes according to the following table:

#### **CONTROL SYSTEM**

Capacity group	Capacity Code
0 (2.0 - 2.9kw)	1.2
1 (3.0 - 3.9kw)	1.5
2 (4.0 - 4.9kw)	1.7
3 (5.0 to 6.0)	2
4 (6.1kw and above)	3

#### 11.3.1.1.2 Indoor Total Capacity Test

This test is performed only for Multi split units.

The test comes to check the total IDU capacity code to match the outdoor unit capacity. The capacity groups of the IDU's are translated into capacity codes according to the following table:

Capacity group	Capacity Code
0	1
1	1.5
2	1.7
3	2
4	3

#### For Model Q (YBD018/YAZ218)

	Total Detected IDU Code (Sum of IDU code)		
Detected IDU units	Minimum Allowed Maximum Allowed		
2	2	3	

Whenever the sum of the IDU code is outside the range the unit will be forced to Idle Mode and report: "*Mismatch between IDU and ODU models*".

If the unit is forced to Idle Mode, then it will keep checking this condition (the indoor total capacity test) in order to prevent system latch up. Once the condition is fine, the fault will be cleared and the unit will proceed to normal operation.

## 11.3.1.1.3 Model Plug & Indoor Capacity Test

This test is performed for both single split channel and multi split channel:

	<u> </u>		
Test	How to check?	Error to report?	System Action (ODU Mode)
Jumper is inserted/DIP is configured	ODU model is 0 (zero).	"Missing ODU configuration"	Force to Idle mode.
Jumper/DIP is not defined in the software	ODU model is not Q.	"Undefined ODU model"	Force to Idle mode
IDU-ODU capacity group mismatch	When ODU model is Q, <u>and</u> the capacity group is not allowed.	"Mismatch between IDU and ODU models "	Except for ITU mode, Force to Idle mode

The following combinations show the allowed and not allowed capacity group:

ODU Model	Communication channel	Is it allowed capacity group           channel         Indoor Capacity				
		0	1	2	3	4
	Single- Non Hydro	No	No	No	Yes	No
Q	Single- Hydro	No	No	No	No	No
(YBD018/YAZ218)	Com Channel 1	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
(100010/1742210)	Com Channel 2	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
	Com Channel 3	No	No	No	No	No
	Com Channel 4	No	No	No	No	No

#### Notes

- 1. The outdoor will keep establishing normal communication with the indoor or DMSMP.
- 2. The outdoor will show diagnostics normally.
- 3. The SB LED will keep ON as long as the power is on.
- 4. Once the unit is forced to Idle due to either of the above, it will keep checking the above items, until the system is recovered.

## 11.3.2 Communication with Indoor Units

#### 11.3.2.1 Communication Failures Definition

Two types of communication failures are diagnosed. The communication failures are checked separately for each IDU channel.

#### 11.3.2.2 'Bad Communication' fault

The system keeps a balance of a good/bad communication packet ratio for each active communication channel. When the ratio getting high , system enters 'Bad Communication' fault.

#### 11.3.2.3 'No Communication' fault

If no legal transmission or no message received for 30 seconds, system enters 'No Communication' fault.

When in 'No Communication' fault, the system will act as following:

- If there is no communication in <u>all channels</u>, the following will be performed:
  - 1. The unit changes to SB.
  - 2. The system will scan all the communication.

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- 3. Each channel that is identified as 'no communication' channel will be referred as STBY unit.
- 4. The unit resumes its normal operation with only the operative channels.

## **11.3.3** Temperature Measurements

#### 11.3.3.1 Thermistor failures definition

Thermistor	Type a – Disconnected	Type b – Shorted	
OAT	Temp < -30 °C	Temp > 75 ℃	
OCT	Temp < -35C	Temp > 75 ℃	
CTT	Temp < -30 °C	Temp > 125 °C	
HST	Temp < -30 °C	Temp> 125 °C	
OMT	Temp < -35 °C	Temp > 75 °C	
ICT	Temp < -30 °C	Temp > 75 ℃	
RGT	Temp < -30 °C	Temp > 126 °C	
RLT	Temp < -30 °C	Temp > 126 °C	

11.3.3.2	System responses for different thermistor failure
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Thermistor	Default value	System Reaction
OCT	43°C	
OAT	6°C	
CTT	43°C	Compressor is stopped.
OMT	43°C	Compressor is stopped in cooling mode.
HST	43°C	Compressor is stopped.
RGT	43°C	
RLT	43°C	
ICT	43°C	

## 11.3.4 Flash Memory Programming

In order to upgrade the ODU software the auxiliary port will be used. A special application should be run on a PC to transmit the new firmware. Special programmer (Panasonic) should be used to update the S/W.

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## **11.4** Indoor Unit Control

#### 11.4.1 Indoor Fan Control

10 Indoor fan speeds are determined for each model. 5 speeds for each mode cool/dry/fan or heat.

When user sets the indoor fan speed to a fixed speed (Low/ Medium/ High), unit will operate constantly at set speed.

When Auto Fan is selected, indoor unit controller can operate in all speeds. The actual speed is set according to the cool/heat load.

#### **Turbo Speed**

The Turbo speed is activated during the first 30 minutes of unit operation when auto fan speed is selected and under the following conditions:

Difference between set point and actual room temperature is higher than 3 degrees. Room temperature is higher than 22°C for cooling or less than 25°C for heating.

#### 11.4.2 Cool Mode

NLOAD is calculated according to the difference between actual room temperature and user set point temperature by PI control.

In high/ medium/ low indoor fan user setting, unit will operate fan in selected speed. In Auto Fan user setting, fan speed will be adjusted automatically according to the calculated NLOAD.

#### 11.4.3 Heat Mode

NLOAD is calculated according to the difference between actual room temperature and user set point temperature by PI control.

In high/ medium/ low indoor fan user setting, unit will operate fan in selected speed. In Auto Fan user setting, fan speed will be adjusted automatically according to the calculated NLOAD.

#### 11.4.3.1 Temperature Compensation

In wall mounted, ducted, and cassette models, 3 degrees are reduced from room temperature reading (except when in I-Feel mode), to compensate for temperature difference between high and low areas in the heated room, and for coil heat radiation on room thermistor.

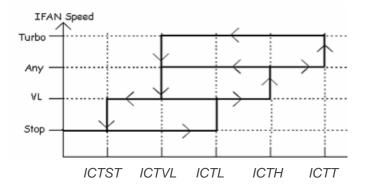
The temperature compensation can be enabled/disabled by shortening of J2 on the indoor unit controller.

Model	J2 Shorted	J2 Opened	
Wall mounted	Compensation Disabled	Compensation Enabled	
Cassette	Compensation Enabled	Compensation Disabled	
Ducted	Compensation Enabled	Compensation Disabled	
Floor/Ceiling	Compensation Disabled	Compensation Enabled	

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11.4.3.2 Indoor Fan Control in Heat Mode

Indoor fan speed depends on the indoor coil temperature:



#### 11.4.4 Auto Cool/Heat Mode

When in auto cool heat mode unit will automatically select between cool and heat mode according to the difference between actual room temperature and user set point temperature ( $\Delta T$ ).

Unit will switch from cool to heat when compressor is off for 3 minutes, and  $\Delta T < -3$ . Unit will switch from heat to cool when compressor is off for 5 minutes, and  $\Delta T < -3$ .

## 11.4.5 Dry Mode

As long as room temperature is higher then the set point, indoor fan will work in low speed and compressor will work between 0 and *MaxNLOADIF1C* Hz.

When the room temperature is lower than the set point, compressor will be switched OFF and indoor fan will cycle 3 minutes OFF, 1 minute ON.

#### 11.4.6 Indoor Units Operation when Indoor Unit Mode is Different than Outdoor Unit Mode

- Open louvers according to user selection.
- Indoor fan is forced to OFF.

## 11.4.7 Indoor Unit Dry Contact

Indoor unit Dry contact has two alternative functions that are selected by J9.

Γ	Status	Function	Contact = Open	Contact = Short
	J9 = Open	Presence Detector Connection	No Limit	Forced to STBY
	J9 = Short	Power Shedding Function	No Limit	Limit NLOAD

#### **11.4.8** Operating the Unit from the Mode Button

Forced operation allows to start, stop and operate in Cooling or Heating, in pre-set temperature according to the following table:

Forced operation Mode	Pre-set Temperature
Cooling	20 <sup>0</sup> C
Heating	28ºC

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## 11.4.9 On Unit Controls and Indicators

11.4.9.1 All Models Except for Floor/Ceiling model

STAND BY	Lights up when the Air Conditioner is connected to power and ready to		
INDICATOR	receive the R/C commands		
	Lights up during operation.		
	Blinks for 300 msec to announce that a R/C infrared signal has been		
OPERATION	received and stored.		
INDICATOR	Blinks continuously during protections (according to the relevant spec		
	section).		
TIMER INDICATOR	Lights up during Timer and Sleep operation.		
FILTER	Lights up when Air Filter needs to be cleaned.		
INDICATOR			
COOLING	Lights up when system is switched to Cool Mode by using the Mode Switch		
INDICATOR	on the unit.		
HEATING	Lights up when system is switched Heat Mode by using the Mode Switch		
INDICATOR	<u>on the unit</u> .		
Mode SWITCH	Every short pressing , the next operation mode is selected, in this order :		
	$SB \rightarrow Cool Mode \rightarrow Heat Mode \rightarrow SB \rightarrow$		
(COOL/HEAT/OFF)	In long pressing system enters diagnostic mode.		
	For short pressing:		
<b>RESET / FILTER</b>	When Filter LED is on - turn off the FILTER INDICATOR after a clean filter		
SWITCH	has been reinstalled.		
	When Filter LED is off – enable/disable the buzzer announcer, if selected.		

#### 11.4.9.2 Floor/Ceiling Model

STANDBY	Lights up when the Air Conditioner is connected to power and is ready			
INDICATOR	for operation			
	1. Lights up during operation.			
OPERATE	2. Blinks for 300 msec to announce that a R/C infrared signal has been			
INDICATOR	received and stored.			
INDICATOR	3. Blinks continuously during protections (according to the relevant spec			
	section).			
TIMER INDICATOR	Lights up during Timer and Sleep operation.			
	1. Lights up when Air Filter needs to be cleaned.			
FILTER INDICATOR	2. Blinks during Water Over Flow in PXD models. (Cf. Sect. 7.3)			
COOLING	Lights up when system is switched to Cool Mode by using the Mode			
INDICATOR	Switch <u>on the unit</u> .			
HEATING	Lights up when system is switched Heat Mode by using the Mode Switch			
INDICATOR	on the unit.			
FAN MODE	Lights up in Fan Mode activated by local switches.			
INDICATOR				
	L Lights up when IFAN setting is Low.			
FAN SPEED	M Lights up when IFAN setting is Medium.			
INDICATORS	H Lights up when IFAN setting is High.			
	A Lights up when IFAN setting is Auto.			
	Each one of the seven indicators indicates the following SPT: 18, 20, 22,			
TEMP. SETTING	24, 26, 28, 30 [°c]. The odd number temperatures are indicated by			
INDICATORS	turning on the two adjacent indicators.			
FAN SPEED	Press this button to change the speed of the IFAN. Each pressing			
BUTTON	change the speed in the sequence of: $L \rightarrow M \rightarrow H \rightarrow Auto \rightarrow L \rightarrow$			
TEMP. SETTING UP	Pressing this button increases the SPT by 1°c.			
BUTTON	Note: The Max SPT is 30°c.			

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TEMP. SETTING DOWN BUTTON	Pressing this button decreases the SPT by 1°c. Note: The Min SPT is 18°c.
MODE BUTTON	Every short pressing , the next operation mode is selected, in this order :SB $\rightarrow$ Cool Mode $\rightarrow$ Heat Mode $\rightarrow$ SB $\rightarrow$ In long pressing system enters diagnostic mode.
POWER BUTTON	Toggle the unit between OPER & STBY modes.
RESET / FILTER BUTTON	For short pressing: When Filter LED is on - turn off the FILTER INDICATOR after a clean filter has been reinstalled. When Filter LED is off – enable/disable the buzzer announcer, if selected. In long pressing system enters set up mode (if in SB).

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## 11.5 Run Mode

Run mode is the default operation mode of the system. This is the standard operation mode that is active in field application (at customer site).

System can go from run mode to other operation modes through keyboard or serial ports.

## 11.5.1 Mode Setting

Mode defines the ODU operation mode. There are three possible operation modes:

STBY - standby mode

COOL - the unit operating at cooling cycle

HEAT - the unit operating at heat pump cycle

The ODU define the system operation mode according to three methods set by the display key board:

#### 11.5.1.1 First request priority

The first IDU which requests different mode than STBY mode will set the new operation mode. The mode will change once all the units exit the current operation mode.

11.5.1.2 Priority unit

If an IDU is defined as a priority unit, the operational mode will be defined according to that unit request, unless the unit is at STBY mode.

In case priority unit is SB, the mode will be set acceding to first request priority.

11.5.1.3 Forced operation mode

If forced mode is enabled than the ODU mode will be forced according to the Forced mode input: Open  $\rightarrow$  COOL

Short → HEAT

The ODU will go to SB if all the IDU are at SB or at different modes.

11.5.1.4 SB Input

The ODU will change mode between COOL/HEAT and Idle according to the STBY dry contact input as follows:

STBY input	ODU mode
Short	SB
Short $ ightarrow$ Open	last mode
Open	according normal mode selection

## 11.5.2 Compressor Speed Control

#### 11.5.2.1 Compressor Min On/Off time

Compressor minimum OFF time is MinOFFTime minutes except during Deicing protection. Compressor minimum ON time is MinOnTime minutes, minimum ON time is ignored during protections, and when unit is turned to STBY.

11.5.2.2 Compressor Speed calculation

During normal operation (excluding protections), the compressor speed is limited by the following table:

Min Speed	Max Speed	Min Speed	Max Speed
Cool (check)	Cool	Heat	Heat
20	95	20	95

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#### 11.5.2.3 Indoor Units NLOAD calculation

The NLOAD setting is done by the indoor unit controller, based on a PI control scheme. The actual NLOAD to be sent to the outdoor unit controller is based on the preliminary LOAD calculation, the indoor fan speed, and the power shedding function.

#### NLOAD limits as a function of indoor fan speed:

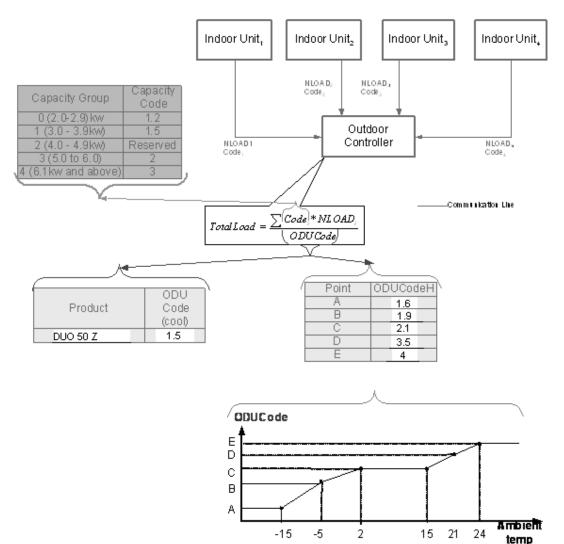
Indoor Fan Speed	Maximum NLOAD Cooling	Maximum NLOAD Heating
Low	Max NLOADIF1C	127
Medium	Max NLOADIF2C	127
High	Max NLOADIF3C	127
Turbo	Max NLOADIF4C	127
Auto	Max NLOADIF5C	127

#### NLOAD limits as a function of power shedding:

Mode	Power Shedding OFF	Power Shedding ON
Cool	No limit	Nominal Cooling
Heat	No limit	Nominal Heating

#### 11.5.2.4 Outdoor Unit NLOAD calculation

Trio/Quattro- Load Calculation



Compressor speed will be set between the minimum speed and the max speed according to the ODU NLOAD

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#### 11.5.2.5 Speed Step Limitations

#### 11.5.2.5.1 Step 1 and step 2

The compressor speed cannot go below *Step1Freq* or above *Step2Freq* during 3 continuous minutes once after the compressor starts up when the ODU unit changes from STBY

#### 11.5.2.5.2 Step 3 limit

The speed cannot go higher than *Step3Freq* unless it was operating for more than 1 continuous minute between *Step3Freq* – 5 and *Step3Freq*.

#### 11.5.3 EEV Control

#### 11.5.3.1 Operation Range

The EEV operation range is defined according to the operation mode as following

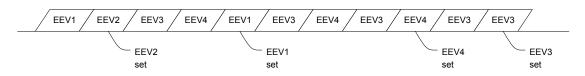
ODU Mode	Normal operation	IDU inactive	Compressor off
SB	400		
COOL	50 to 480	0	400
HEAT	50 to 480	50 to 120	

#### 11.5.3.2 Reaching target value rules

For all cases except at EEV initialization procedure, each EEV can move no more than 20 steps at a time.

When required the EEV's move, one by one in sequence, until the target position is achieved for every EEV.

The following diagram presents the EEV steps until the target position is set.



#### 11.5.3.3 EEV homing

When compressor stops or unit is power on, the following is performed immediately:

- All EEV's are set to 400.
- They remain in this position for 80 Sec.
- Then, close to 60 steps below 0 to ensure full closure, then proceed to normal operation

## 11.5.3.4 EEV Opening Determination

The target EEV value is the sum of open loop value (OL) and a result of the accumulative correction values (CV).

$$EEV_i = EEV_{OLi} + \sum EEV_{CVi}$$

EEV; is the EEV opening for each 'i' IDU.

11.5.3.5 EEV initial value determination

The EEV initial value (open loop) is determined according to the number of the active indoor units, mode, and the capacity code of the unit.

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#### 11.5.3.6 Balance time

During the first 5 minutes after SB, the correction is not calculated. After that, the correction value is updated every *30* seconds.

#### 11.5.3.7 EEV corrections

The corrections in cool mode will keep the compressor in the proper operation temperature and will balance between the indoor units by controlling their super heat.

#### 11.5.3.8 Accumulative correction value storage

For each combination of active IDUs, the accumulated EEV correction value (for each IDU) will be stored in the memory. Default correction values after power up are zero.

## 11.5.4 Outdoor Fan Speed Control

The OFAN operation keeps the outdoor heat exchanger temperature within a predefined values by increasing or reducing the OFAN speed. Whenever the OFAN speed is abnormal, the OMT and OCT sensors need to be checked.

#### 11.5.4.1 Behavior when there is a failure in OFAN

Whenever OFAN fault occurs, the compressor will be stopped immediately.

11.5.4.2 Protection Behavior

• In cool mode the OFAN will operate according to CTT or HST protection level:

Protection level	Action		
SR, D1 or D2	OFAN will go to the Max. speed		
Stop-Compressor	Continue to operate for maximum 3 minutes at 500 rpm or until normal level is achieved.		

11.5.4.3 OFAN Force On condition

If HST is faulty, OFAN will continue to operate for 3 minutes at 500 rpm after COMP is OFF. *11.5.4.4 Night mode* 

Upon receiving night mode, the OFAN will be limited to max *NightRPM* speed only in Cool. It will be back to its normal operation when receiving the mode is cleared.

## 11.5.5 RV State Setting

During heat mode (except during Deicing) RV is ON. During cool/SB mode, RV is OFF. RV status will be changed only if COMP is OFF for 3 minutes or more.

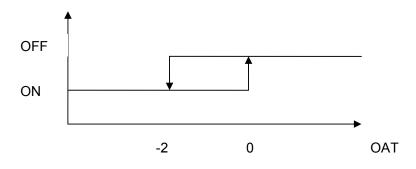
## 11.5.6 Base Heater Setting

Base heater should be ON when unit is in heating and according to the below graph.

If OAT is disconnected, Base heater will be ON when unit is in heating.

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Base Heater at heating mode



Note: 'On' state has higher priority.

## 11.5.7 Thermodynamic Protections

#### **Protection level definition**

Five protection levels are defined: Normal – No protection status is ON. Stop-Rise (SR) – System is in protection, first level D1 - System is in protection, second level D2 - System is in protection third level Stop-Compressor (SC) – System is in protection fourth level

#### 11.5.8 IDU Protection Level

The overall protection level of the indoor units will be the worst protection status among the all indoor units.

#### 11.5.9 IDU Protections

	ICT Trend				
ICT	Fast Increasing	Increasing	No change	Decreasing	Fast Decreasing
ICT < -2	SC	SC	SC	SC	SC
-2 ≤ ICT < 0	D1	D1	D2	D2	D2
0 ≤ ICT < 2	SR	SR	D1	D2	D2
2 ≤ ICT < 4	SR	SR	SR	D1	D2
4 ≤ ICT < 6	Norm	Norm	SR	SR	D1
6 ≤ ICT < 8	Norm	Norm	Norm	SR	SR
8 ≤ ICT	Normal				

11.5.9.1	Indoor	<b>Coil Defrost</b>	Protection
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11.5.9.2	Indoor	Coil over	Heating	Protection
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	ICT Trend						
ICT	Fast Decreasing	Decreasing	No Change	Increasing	Fast Increasing		
ICT > 55	SC	SC	SC	SC	SC		
53 < ICT ≤ 55	D1	D1	D2	D2	D2		
49 < ICT ≤ 53	SR	SR	D1	D2	D2		
47 < ICT ≤ 49	SR	SR SR SR D1 D2					
45 < ICT ≤ 47	Norm	Norm	SR	SR	D1		
43 < ICT ≤ 45	Norm	Norm	Norm	SR	SR		
ICT ≤ 43	Normal						

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## 11.5.10 ODU Protections

There are 3 ODU protections:

- Compressor overheating
- Heat sink overheating
- System over power

Operation logic of all protections is the same. The controlled input (CTT, HST, or PWR) is controlled by changing the protection level using the fuzzy logic algorithm according the input level and the change rate.

There are two sets of POWER values, the selection of the values are set according to the state of the Power-Shed dry contact input.

Power-Shed input open  $\rightarrow$  Power1

Power-Shed input sort  $\rightarrow$  Power2

Protection level	Comp Overheat (CTT)	Heat Sink (HST)	Power1	Power2
Stop compressor	105	84	2800	2100
Down 2	100	80	2650	1988
Down 1	95	77	2500	1875
Stop rise	90	74	2350	1763
Normal	85	71	2350	1763

The following table summarizes the basic levels of each protection.

11.5.10.1 Total Protection Level Definition

The total protection level is defined by the higher level of protection received.

## 11.5.11 Deicing

#### 11.5.11.1 Deicing Starting Conditions

Deicing operation will start when either one of the following conditions exist:

Case 1: OCT < OAT – DST AND TLD > DI

Case 2: OCT < OAT – 12 AND TLD > 30 minutes.

Case 3: OCT is Invalid AND TLD > DI

Case 4: Unit is just switched to STBY AND OCT < OAT – DST

Case 5: NLOAD = 0 AND OCT < OAT - DST

Case 6: OAT is invalid AND OCT< DST AND TLD > DI AND Compressor ON Time > CTMR minutes

OCT – Outdoor Coil Temperature

OAT – Outdoor Air Temperature

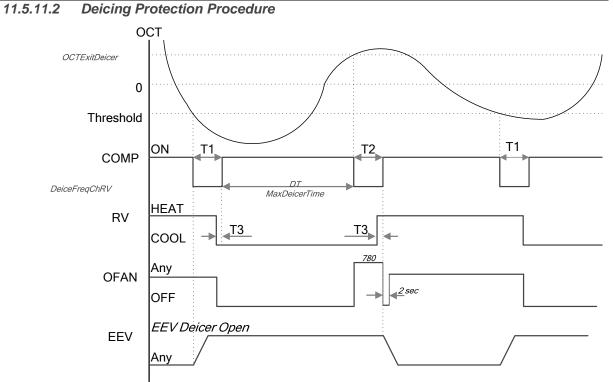
TLD – Time from Last Deicing

DI – Deicing Interval (Time Interval between Two Deicing)

DST – Deicing static threshold (Temperature)

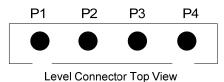
Deicing interval time when compressor is first started in heat mode, is 10 minutes if OCT < -2, and is 40 minutes in other cases.

Deicing interval time is changed (increased/ decreased in 10 minutes steps) as a function of deicing time. If deicing time is shorter then former deicing time, the deicing interval time will be increased. If deicing time is longer then former deicing time, the deicing interval time will be decreased.



T1 = T2 = 36 seconds, T3 = 6 seconds

11.5.11.3 Condensate Water over Flow Protection



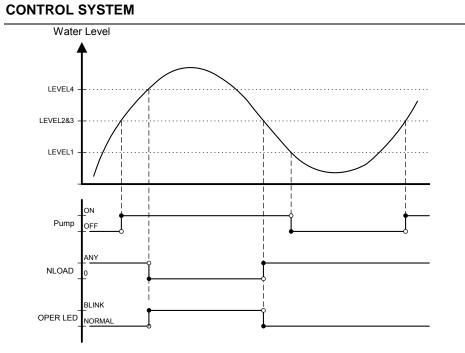
Each of the pins P1, P2, P3 can have two options:

1 – When it is shorted with P4

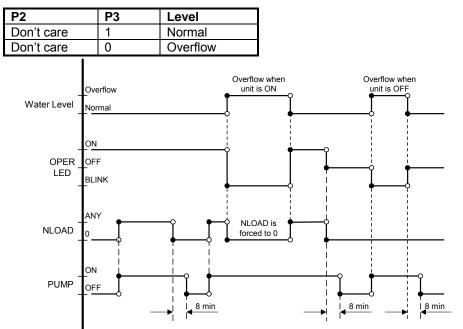
0 – When it is not shorted to P4

11.5.11.4 3 Levels Logic (used in floor/ceiling models)

P2	P3	Level
0	0	LO
1	0	L1
1	1	L2&3
0	1	L4



11.5.11.5 1 Level Logic (used in all models except for floor/ceiling models)



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## 11.6 Installation Test Mode

#### 11.6.1 Test Objectives

- Find tube-communication wires mismatch.
- Instruct the technician to match the tubes to the communication wires.
- Find EEV or tubing problems.

## 11.6.2 Test Concept

- The unit will open each EEV separately in cooling mode.
- Detect a temperature drop on the indoor unit.
- Based on the temperature drop, the system can match the tube to the indoor unit.

#### 11.6.3 Test Rules

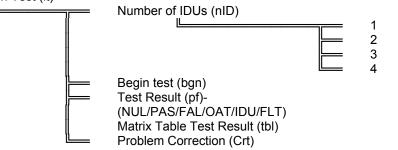
Before starting the installation/technician test, make sure for the following:

- 1. No indoor communication channel is connected to non existing tube channel.
- 2. The number of the connected/installed indoor unit is set properly.
- 3. All the EEVs are connected properly to the right EEV channels.
- 4. No mix between the indoor unit's tubes, each indoor unit must have its own tubes connected properly to the outdoor unit.

If the rules above are not respected, the test results will make no sense.

## 11.6.4 Installation test menu

Installation Test (it)



## 11.6.5 How to do installation test

1. While the power is off, set the following labels on the wires:

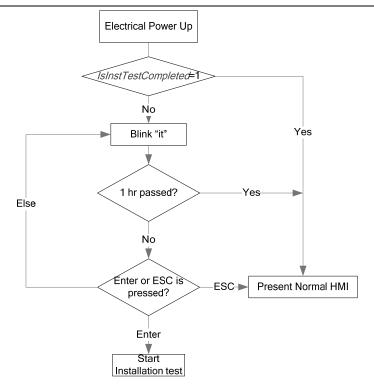
On unit Label	C <sub>A</sub>	C <sub>B</sub>	(C <sub>c</sub> )	(C <sub>D</sub> )	
Wire name (Marked by technician)	1	2	3	4	
For non connected indoor units, there is no need for label.					

2. Set the number of the connected/installed indoor units.

Elect 'nID' number under 'it', the selected number blinks. The factory setting value is 4.

- 3. Enter installation test (by either of the following):
  - a. Select 'bgn' under 'it' menu.
  - b. According to the following:

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- 4. During the test, the unit will show count down counter (in minutes). The test maximum time is 20 minutes.
- 5. When the test is finished, the system will show the test result, pass or fail.
- 6. You can scroll the menu to observe:
  - a. Observe the matrix result
  - b. Guide for problem correction.
- 7. For fixing problem, copy on paper the results displayed results, <u>power off the unit</u>, and then fix the problem accordingly. Do not do any wire fixing under power!

Note:

You can exit the installation test any moment by pressing Esc for 5 seconds. When exiting the test, the system will still keep the latest result from the previous test.

#### 11.6.6 Faults during the test

Fault (display)	Reasons
'OAT' blink	Outdoor ambient temperature is too clod, cannot run installation test.
ʻIDU' blink	The selected number of the installed indoor units by the technician does not match the number of indoor units detected by the system.
Display indoor or outdoor fault as in diagnostics	Check indoor and outdoor diagnostics. ICT disconnected will be tested during the first 3 minutes of installation test.

Note: When the system terminates the tests due to the problem above, the matrix results will present partial test.

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How to interpret the results (pf sub menu):

Test Result (pf)	Interpretation
NUL	The test has never been done before.
PAS	The test is pass
FAL	The test is fail
ΟΑΤ	Outdoor air temperature is lower than 5 degrees. The installation test cannot be done.
IDU	The selected number of the installed indoor units by the technician does not match the number of indoor units detected by the system.
FLT	IDU or ODU fault

## 11.6.7 Matrix Table Test Result (tbl) & Problem Correction (Crt)

The technician has to use labels on the indoor wires connected to the outdoor

On unit Label	C <sub>A</sub>	C <sub>B</sub>	( <b>C</b> <sub>c</sub> )	( <b>C</b> <sub>D</sub> )		
x=Wire name (Marked by technician)	1	2	3	4		
For non connected indoor units	For non connected indoor units, there is no need for label.					

The result is presented in the following way:

Present for 2 sec	Present for 2 Sec.	Interpretation
X:	Cz	<ul> <li>'x' is the wire name (1,2,3,4)</li> <li>'z' is the communication channel (A,b,c,d)</li> <li>'x:Cz' is move wire 'x' to communication channel Cz</li> </ul>
Ey-:	W	<ul> <li>'y' is the EEV channel name (A,b,c,d)</li> <li>'w' can be:</li> <li>1. 'c' is closed</li> <li>2. 'o' is open</li> <li>3. 'oc' is either close or open.</li> </ul>
x:	C_	<ul> <li>'x' is the wire name (1,2,3,4)</li> <li>'C_' is unknown communication channel.</li> <li>'x:C_' is the system does not know where to move wire 'x'.</li> </ul>

Possible reasons for 'o' and 'c':

Term	Possible reasons
'C'	Clogged EEV
	EEV Coil problem
	EEV driver problem
	<ul> <li>Clogged indoor unit or part of it.</li> </ul>
	Problem in ICT sensor
	<ul> <li>Extremely high load at the indoor side</li> </ul>
'O'	Valve always open
	EEV coil problem
	Driver Problem

## CONTROL SYSTEM

Airwell

## Examples:

HMI Display       Technician Interpretation         1.2       2Cb       Keep wire 2 on communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         3CC       Keep Wire 3 on communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         4CA       Move Wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         4CA       Move Wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         3.4      CA         1Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         1CA       Keep wire 4 in side communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .         2CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> .	#				Problem Correction (Crt)
1.2       3Cc       Keep Wire 3 no communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2Cb       Keep Wire 2 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move Wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3Cc       Keep Wire 3 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3.4       1-:-Cb       Move Wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 4Cd       Keep Wire 4 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3.4       1-:-Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2-:-CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2-:-Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2-:-Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2-:-Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-:-Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel C         3-:-CA			Technician Interpretation		Technician Interpretation
1.2       3Cc       Keep Wire 3 on communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2Cb       Keep Wire 2 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move Wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3CC       Keep Wire 4 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3.4       1Cb       Move Wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 4Cd       Keep Wire 4 inside communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cb       Move Wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2CCA       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1CC       Keep wire 4 in communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel C       2CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel C         3CC       Move wire 3 to communica		2:Cb	Keep wire 2 on communication channel $C_{B}$ .	1:CA	Keep wire 1 inside communication channel C <sub>A</sub>
4-:CA       Move Wire 4 to communication channel CA       4-:Cd       Keep wire 4 inside communication channel CB         3.4       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation       1-:Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CB       4-:Cd       Keep wire 4 to communication channel CB         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CB       2-:CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         4-:Cd       Keep wire 4 in communication channel CD       2-:CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         4-:Cd       Keep wire 4 in communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         2-:CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         2-:CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         3-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel CD         3-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel CD         1-:CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CD       2-:CC       Move wire 3 to communication channel CD         3-:CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CD       3-:CA       Move wire 3 to communi	1,2	3:Cc	Keep Wire 3 on communication channel C <sub>c</sub>	2:Cb	
HMI       Technician Interpretation       HMI         1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Keep wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2-::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Do not know where to put wire 3         2-::Ce       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Do not know where to put wire 4         2-::Ce       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Cb       Nove wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1-::Ca       Keep wire 4       1-::Ca         1-::CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA       1-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         1-::CA       Keep wire 3 to communication channel CA       1-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         1-::CA		1:Cd	Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>D</sub>	3:Cc	keep wire 3 inside communication channel C <sub>c</sub>
Jisplay       Technician Interpretation       Display       Technician Interpretation         3.4       1-:Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel Ca       4-:Cd       Keep wire 4 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca       1-:Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca       1-:Cb       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         5.6       1-:Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel Ca       1-:Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel Ca       1-:Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca       1-:Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication Channel Ca       1-:Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel Ca         2-:CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA       1-:Cd       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2-:CA       EV of channel A is always open       Eb::0       EV of channel B is always open         Eb::0       EV of channel C is always close       2-:Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-:Cb       Keep wire 4 in communication channel CC       2-:Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA		4:CA		4:Cd	Keep wire 4 inside communication channel $C_D$ .
3.4       2-:CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         5.6       1::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         1::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         2::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel CB         3::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         EA::O       EEV of channel A is always open         Eb::O       EEV of channel CB         3::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         2::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         2::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel CC         2::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         2::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel CC         2::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         2::Cc			Technician Interpretation		Technician Interpretation
3.4       2-::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel CA         2-::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2-::CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel CA         5.6       HMI         1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel CA         2-::Cc       Move wire 1 to communication channel CB         2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel CA         2-::Ca       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC         3-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CC         3-::Ca       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel CC         3-::Ca       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         3-::Ca       Move wire 4 in communication channel CC         4-::Cc       <		1:C <b>b</b>	Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>B</sub>	4:C <b>d</b>	Keep wire 4 to communication channel C <sub>D</sub>
9,10       HMI       Technician Interpretation         1-::CA       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>A</sub> 1-::Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::Cc       Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>G</sub> 3-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>G</sub> 3-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>G</sub> 2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>A</sub> EA-:o       EEV of channel A is always open         Eb::o       EEV of channel B is always open         1-::CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA         2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         3-::CA       Move wire 4 to communication channel CA         4-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1         4-::C_       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA	3,4	2:C <b>A</b>	=	1:C <b>b</b>	Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>B</sub>
HMI Display     Technician Interpretation     Display     Technician Interpretation       5.6     4::Cd     keep wire 4 in communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1::Cd     Move wire 1 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 2::Cc     Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 1::Cd     Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>0</sub> 3::CA     Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>0</sub> 3::C_     Do not know where to put wire 3       3::CA     Move wire 3 to communication Channel C <sub>0</sub> 4::C_     Do not know where to put wire 4       EA::0     EEV of channel A is always open     EEV of channel A is always open     Eb::0     EEV of channel A is always open       1::CA     Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA     2::CC     Move wire 2 to communication Channel CA       2::Cb     Keep wire 2 in communication channel CA     2::CC     Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA       2::Cb     Keep wire 3 to communication channel CC     3::CA     Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA       1::C     Move wire 3 to communication channel CC     4::C     Do not know where to put wire 4       2::C     Keep wire 3 to communication channel CC     4::C     Do not know where to put wire 4       4::C     Move wire 3 to communication channel CC     4::C     Do not know where to put wire 4       2::C     Keep wire 4 in communication channel CC     4::C     Do not know where to put wire 4   <				2:C <b>A</b>	Move wire 2 to communication channel C <sub>A</sub>
5.6 <ul> <li>4-::Cd</li> <li>keep wire 4 in communication channel C<sub>D</sub></li> <li>1-::Cb</li> <li>Move wire 1 to communication channel C<sub>G</sub></li> <li>2-::Cc</li> <li>Move wire 2 to communication channel C<sub>C</sub></li> <li>3-::CA</li> <li>Move wire 3 to communication Channel C<sub>A</sub></li> <li>EA::0</li> <li>EEV of channel A is always open</li> </ul> <ul> <li>HMI</li> <li>Display</li> <li>Technician Interpretation</li> <li>1-::CA</li> <li>Move wire 3 to communication channel CA</li> <li>EEV of channel A is always open</li> <li>Eb::0</li> <li>EEV of channel CA</li> <li>2-::Cc</li> <li>Move wire 2 to communication Channel CA</li> <li>2-::Cb</li> <li>Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA</li> <li>2-::Cc</li> <li>Move wire 3 to communication channel CA</li> <li>2-::Cc</li> <li>Move wire 4 to communication channel CC</li> <li>3-::CA</li> <li>Move wire 4 to communication channel CC</li> <li>2-::Cc</li> <li>Move wire 4 to communication channel CC</li> <li>Eb::c</li> <li>EEV of channel B is always close</li> <li>Eb::c</li> <li>EEV of channel B is always close</li> <li>Ed::c</li> <li>EV of channel D is always close</li> <li>Ed::c</li></ul>			Technician Interpretation		Technician Interpretation
5.6       1-:Cb       Move wire 1 to communication channel Ca         2-:Cc       Move wire 2 to communication Channel Ca       3-:C_       Do not know where to put wire 3         3-:CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel Ca       4-:C_       Do not know where to put wire 4         EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open       EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open         1-:CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA       EA::0       EEV of channel B is always open         1-:CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA       2-::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA         2-:Cb       Keep wire 3 to communication channel CA       2-::Cc       Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA         3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC       3-::CA       Move wire 4 to communication channel CA         4-:Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel CC       4-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 4         Ec::       EEV of channel C is always close       Eb::       EEV of channel B is always close         1       Image: C       Move wire 2 to communication channel CC       4-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 4         Ec::       EV of channel C is always close       Ed::       EV of channel B is always close       Ed::         1       Technician Interpretation       3-::CC				1:Cd	Move wire 1 to communication channel Cd
2-:Cc       Move wire 2 to communication Channel Cc       3-:C_       Do not know where to put wire 3         3-:CA       Move wire3 to communication Channel CA       EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open         EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open       EEV of channel B is always open         1-:CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA       EEV of channel B is always open         2-:Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel CA       2-:CC         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA       2-:CC         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA       2-:CC         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA       1-:C_         3-:Cd       Move wire 4 to communication channel CC       1-:C_         Ec::       EEV of channel C is always close       Eb::         Ec::       EEV of channel C is always close       Ed::         Ed::       EEV of channel C is always close       Ed::         Ed::       Do not know where 2 to communication channel CC       3-::CC         Minipalay       Technician Interpretation       3-::Ce         Misplay       Technician Interpretation       3-::Ce         Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cc       1-::Ce       Keep wire 3 in communication channel Cc         2-::Ce       Move				2:C <b>c</b>	Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc
3-:CA       Move wire3 to communication Channel CA         EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open         T::CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-:Cb       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-:Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel CA         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         2-:Cb       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CA         3-:Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CC         Ec::c       EEV of channel C is always close         Ec::c       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::c       EV of channel C	5,6		_		Do not know where to put wire 3
9,10       3-:CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA         EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open         EA::0       EEV of channel A is always open         T::CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel CD         3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel CD         4-::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel CC         Eb::0       EEV of channel B is always close         Eb::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Eb::1         Eb::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Eb::1         Eb::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Eb::1         Eb::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Eb::1         Ed::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Ea::1         Ed::1       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed::1       Ea::1         Ed::1       Ea::1         Ed::1			-	4:C_	Do not know where to put wire 4
EA-3       EEV of channel A is always open         Eb-0       EEV of channel B is always open         I-:CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA         2-::Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel Cd         3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel Cd         4-::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel Cc         Ec-::       EEV of channel C is always close         Ed-::       EEV of channel D is always close         Ed-::       EEV of channel D is always close         Ed-::       EEV of channel D is always close         Ed-::       EV of channel Cd         4-::Cd       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd         2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication					EEV of channel A is always open
Display       Technician Interpretation       Display       Technician Interpretation         1-::CA       Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA       2-::Cc       Move wire 2 to communication Channel CC         3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel Cd       1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1         4-::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel Cc       4-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 4         Ec::c       EEV of channel C is always close       Ed::c       EEV of channel D is always close		<b>EA</b> -:0	EEV of channel A is always open	Eb-:0	
7,8       2-::Cb       Keep wire 2 in communication channel Cb       3-::CA       Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA         3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel Cd       1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1         4-::Cc       EC ::       EEV of channel C is always close       Eb::       EEV of channel B is always close         Ed::       EV of channel C is always close       Ed::       EEV of channel D is always close         9,10       HMI       Technician Interpretation       HMI         9,10       HMI       Technician Interpretation channel Cc       HMI         9,10       Ed::       Do not know where 3 in communication channel Cc       HMI         9,10       Ed::       Do not know where to put wire 1       3-::Cc         Keep wire 2 in communication channel Cc       1-::C.       Move wire 3 in communication channel Cc         1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1       3-::Cc       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cc         1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1       1-::CA       Move wire 1 to communication channel CA         1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 3       EA::O       EEV in channel A is always open			Technician Interpretation		Technician Interpretation
7,8       3-::Cd       Move wire 3 to communication channel Cd       1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1         4-::Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel Cc       1-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 4         Ec-:c       EEV of channel C is always close       Eb-:c       EEV of channel B is always close         Ed-:c       EEV of channel C is always close       Ed-:c       EEV of channel D is always close         9,10       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation 4-::C_       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation         9,10       4-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1 3-::C_       Do not know where to put wire 1 1.::C_       See wire 3 in communication channel Cc         9,10       EA-:Oc       EEV in channel A can be open or close       EA-:O       EEV in channel A is always open		1: <b>CA</b>	Keep wire 1 in communication channel CA	2:C <b>c</b>	Move wire 2 to communication Channel Cc
9,10       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation channel Cd       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation         4:Cc       Move wire 4 to communication channel Cc       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation         4:Cc       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd       HMI Display       Technician Interpretation         4:Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel Cd       3:Cc       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd         3:Cc       Do not know where to put wire 1       3:Cc       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd         3:C_       Do not know where to put wire 3       EA-::O       EEV in channel A can be open or close	- o	2:C <b>b</b>	Keep wire 2 in communication channel Cb	3:C <b>A</b>	Move wire 3 to communication Channel CA
Ec-:c       EEV of channel C is always close         Barrier Composition       Eb-:c       EEV of channel B is always close         HMI       Display       Technician Interpretation         4:Cd       Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd       3:Cc         2:Cc       Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc       4:Cd         1:C_       Do not know where to put wire 1       3:Cc         3:C_       Do not know where to put wire 3       EA-:O         EA-:Oc       EEV in channel A can be open or close       EA-:O	٥, ١	3:C <b>d</b>	Move wire 3 to communication channel Cd	1:C_	Do not know where to put wire 1
HMI     Technician Interpretation       4:Cd     Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd       2:Cc     Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc       1:C_     Do not know where to put wire 1       3:C_     Do not know where to put wire 3       EA-:Oc     EEV in channel A can be open or close		4: <b>Cc</b>	Move wire 4 to communication channel Cc	4:C_	Do not know where to put wire 4
9,10     HMI Display     Technician Interpretation     HMI Display     Technician Interpretation       4:Cd     Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd     3:Cc     Keep wire 3 in communication channel Cc       2:Cc     Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc     4:Cd     Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd       1:C_     Do not know where to put wire 1     1:CA     Move wire 1 to communication channel CA       3:C_     Do not know where to put wire 3     EA-:O     EEV in channel A is always open		<b>Ec-</b> :c	EEV of channel C is always close	Eb-:c	EEV of channel B is always close
Display         Technician Interpretation         Image: Display         Technician Interpretation           9,10         4:Cd         Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd         3:Cc         Keep wire 3 in communication channel Cc           2:Cc         Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc         4:Cd         Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd           1:C_         Do not know where to put wire 1         1:CA         Move wire 1 to communication channel CA           3:C_         Do not know where to put wire 3         EA-:O         EEV in channel A is always open				Ed-:c	EEV of channel D is always close
9,10			Technician Interpretation		Technician Interpretation
9,10     2:Cc     Move wire 2 to communication channel Cc     4-::Cd     Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd       1:C_     Do not know where to put wire 1     1:CA     Move wire 1 to communication channel CA       3:C_     Do not know where to put wire 3     EA-:O     EEV in channel A can be open or close		4:Cd	Keep wire 4 in communication channel Cd	-	Keep wire 3 in communication channel Co
9,10     1:C_     Do not know where to put wire 1     1:CA     Move wire 1 to communication channel CA       3:C_     Do not know where to put wire 3     EA-:O     EEV in channel A is always open					
3:C_     Do not know where to put wire 3       EA-:Oc     EEV in channel A can be open or close	9,10				
EA-:Oc EEV in channel A can be open or close			•		
				╢┝────	
				-111	

## 11.6.8 Matrix Table Test Result (tbl)

			IDU channels on the DMSMP				
		Channel1 (j=1)	Channel2 (j=2)	Channel3 (j=3)	Channel4 (j=4)		
EEV	EEV1 (i=1)	X <sub>1</sub> =T/F/N/C	Y <sub>1</sub> =T/F/N/C	Z <sub>1</sub> =T/F/N/C	W <sub>1</sub> =T/F/N/C		
channels	EEV2 (i=2)	X <sub>2</sub> =T/F/N/C	Y <sub>2</sub> =T/F/N/C	Z <sub>2</sub> =T/F/N/C	W <sub>2</sub> =T/F/N/C		
on the	EEV3 (i=3)	X <sub>3</sub> =T/F/N/C	Y <sub>3</sub> =T/F/N/C	Z <sub>3</sub> =T/F/N/C	W <sub>3</sub> =T/F/N/C		
DMSMP	EEV4 (i=4)	X <sub>4</sub> =T/F/N/C	Y <sub>4</sub> =T/F/N/C	Z <sub>4</sub> =T/F/N/C	W <sub>4</sub> =T/F/N/C		

Stored Matrix Type [Rows, Column]	How to present?
2 x 2	Repeat: r1(keep 2 sec)→ X1Y1 (keep 2 sec)
2 X 2	Repeat: r2 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ X2Y2 $\rightarrow$ (keep 2 sec)
	Repeat: r1 (keep 2 sec) → X1Y1Z1 ( keep 2 sec)
3 x 3	Repeat: r2 (keep 2 sec) → X2Y2Z2 (keep 2 sec)
	Repeat: r3 (keep 2 sec) → X3Y3Z3 (keep 2 sec)
	Repeat: r1 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ X1Y1Z1 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ W1 (keep 2 sec)
4 x 4	Repeat: r2 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ X2Y2Z2 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ W2 (keep 2 sec)
+ ^ +	Repeat: r3 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ X3Y3Z3 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ W3 (keep 2 sec)
	Repeat: r4 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ X4Y4Z4 (keep 2 sec) $\rightarrow$ W4 (keep 2 sec)

Note: Scrolling between r1, r2, r3, and r4 is done through the 'Up' and 'Down' buttons

Definitions	
Term	Definition
'F'	Clogged EEV
	EEV Coil problem
	EEV driver problem
	Clogged indoor unit or part of it.
	Problem in ICT sensor
	Extremely high load at the indoor side
'T'	Valve always open
	EEV coil problem
	Driver Problem
С	Non detected channel
Ν	Null- never done before

## 11.7 Technician Test Mode

This test is aimed for the technicians to check the system under a preset compressor and outdoor fan values while the expansion valves will function according to the normal running mode.

## 11.7.1 Entering technician mode

- This mode is entered through the outdoor unit using the HMI (refer to user interface section).
- It can be selected either for cool or heat.
- Technician test is not possible to enter during deicer.

## 11.7.2 Technician mode procedure

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- All the connected indoor units will enter technician test at high indoor fan speed.
- The outdoor unit will be working normally (according to the run mode control logic) except the following changes:
- The dry contacts inputs will be ignored.
- Protections will be operative for stop compressor (not to be implemented in the current version).
- The compressor and the outdoor fan will be working in target preset values according to the following table:

Technician Test						
Unit	Compressor Speed		OFAN speed			
Onit	Cool	Heat	OFAN speed			
YAZ218	66	88	900rpm			

## 11.7.3 Exiting technician mode

Technician mode will be exited either when:

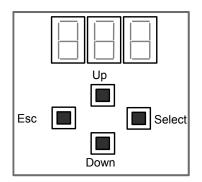
- Escaping by the HMI (exiting the ttC or ttH menus)
- o 60 minutes are passed from entering

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## 11.8 User Interface

## 11.8.1 User interface description

- $\circ~$  The user interface uses three 7 segments, and 4 keys.
- Keys, The 4 keys are:
  - Scroll used to scroll between options (up and down)
  - Select use to select an option
  - Escape Will go up one level in the menu
- $\circ\;$  The user interface concept is Tree menus.
- Active selection or status will be indicated by blinking the display.



For YAZ218, The navigation through the menu can be performed by either the key pad of	r
RC8 remote controller (through infra red receiver).	

Command Type	Function	Keypad	Remote controller	RC8 sketch:		
Up or Down command	Scrolling among options (up and down).	Up or Down key button.	<b>Up:</b> Set Point '+' <b>Down:</b> Set Point '-'	LCD		
Selection command	Go down one level in the menu or select an option.	Select button	FAN mode			
Escaping command	Go up one level in the menu	Escape button	Oper/STBY	Oper SPT- SPT+ FAN Button Box		
Note: the buttons above are selected according to RC8 design (refer to RC8 specifications) for the technician						

## 11.8.2 Keys functionality

convenient use.

- Scrolling will be done whenever the button is pressed.
- When scrolling alpha values, if the scroll button is held in, the selection will change at the rate of one step per second.
- When changing/scrolling numeric value, if the scroll button is held in, the selection will change at the rate of one step per second. After 2 seconds, if the button continues to be held in, the rate of change will increase to 10 steps per second.
- The display will not roll over during selection (for example stop/Ode/Dia/Stp/Par/stop)

#### 11.8.3 Menus

#### 11.8.3.1 Main Menu

Default (refer to the note)		
Technician Test (tt)		
	Technician Test Cool (ttC)	
L	Technician Test Cool (ttH)	
nstallation Test (it)		
<u> </u>	Number of IDUs (nID)- IDU_Numbers	
l I	L	1
i i		2
i		3
		4
I	Begin test (bgn)	<del>т</del>
	Test Result (pf)- InstTestResult	
I	(NUL/PAS/FAL/OAT/IDU/FLT)	
	Matrix Table Test Result (tbl) InstTestMatrixResult	
Ü	Problem Correction (Crt)	
Diagnostics (dia)		
	Outdoor Unit (o)	
П П		Outdoor Unit (oxx)
 	Indoor Unit A (a)	
		Indoor Unit A (axx)
I	Indoor Unit B (b)	
		Indoor Unit B (bxx)
I	Indoor Unit C (c)	
		Indeer Unit C (avv)
		Indoor Unit C (cxx)
	Indoor Unit D (d)	
		Indoor Unit D (dxx)
Set Up (Stp)		
	First IDU Wins (idu)	
<b></b>	IDU A is master (a-p)	
	DU B is master (b-p)	
	DU C is master (c-p)	
	DU D is master (d-p)	
L	Forced mode' input (Frc)	
Status (Stt)		
	IDU (IDU)	
	ODU (ODU)	
	Timer (Tr)	

Notes:

- 1. The default presentation will be alternating repeatedly among the following for single and multi split units:
  - the mode of the unit (CI/Ht/Sb) shown for 2 sec.
  - $\circ~$  ('id' + the number of communicative IDUs number) shown for 2 sec.
  - Active fault (among ODU or IDUs), each to be shown for 2 sec.
- 2. In diagnostics menu:
  - xx means failure code.



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- The active faults have higher priority for presentation than non active ones.
- Non active faults are presented according to their chronological order, starting from the latest one.
- o Whenever a new active fault occurs, it will be presented immediately.
- o Active faults are blinking, where non active ones do not.
- 3. The Status menu will be enabled to be presented and navigated, only by pressing select + escape together for more than 5 seconds under the main menu.
- 4. Exiting 'Status' menu and its sub-menus back to the main menu is done by either pressing escape or after continuous 60 minutes out of any press.
- 5. Technician Test mode, once is selected, is exited after 60 minutes from entry.
- 6. All the menus, except Status and its sub-menu, Technician Test once selected, are automatically exited to the main menu after 10 continuous minute out of any press.
- 7. When Technician test cool or heat menus are selected (operative), it will be blinking constantly until, this menu is escaped.
- 8. When the installation test begins, the system will show up count down based (refer to the installation test. At the end of the installation test, the result will be presented.
- 9. For the indoor diagnostics, whenever there is no-communication with indoor unit or indoor unit is not detected, 'no-communication' will be shown under the relevant indoor unit diagnostics. In addition to the indoor diagnostics, these faults will be also shown as well under the default show-
- 10. When Alpha and numeric values are combined, they will be separated by dot.



## 11.8.3.2 Status (Sub Menu)

	ICT1 (A)	
	ICT2 (B)	
	ICT3 (C)	
	ICT4 (D)	
Operation Mode (Opr)		
L	Operation Mode 1 (A)	
	Operation Mode 2 (B)	
NI OAD (I d)		
	NLOAD 4 (D)	
Capacity Code (CAP)		
	Capacity Code 1 (A)	
	Capacity Code 2 (B)	
Family (Fa)		
	Equily $1(\Lambda)$	
	Family 4 (D)	
Model (dl)		
	Model 2 (B)	
I⊨=OMT (OT)		
RGT4 (RGD)		
RLT1 (RLA)		
RLT2 (RLB)		Ý
RLT3 (RLC)		
RLT3 (RLC) RLT4 (RLD)		
RLT3 (RLC)		
	OCT (OCT) OAT (OAT) HST (HST) RGT1 (RGA) RGT2 (RGB) RGT3 (RGC)	Operation Mode (Opr)       Operation Mode 1 (A)         Operation Mode 2 (B)       Operation Mode 3 (C)         Operation Mode 4 (D)       Operation Mode 4 (D)         NLOAD (Ld)       NLOAD 1 (A)         NLOAD 2 (B)       NLOAD 4 (D)         Capacity Code (CAP)       Capacity Code 1 (A)         Capacity Code 2 (B)       Capacity Code 3 (C)         Capacity Code 3 (C)       Capacity Code 4 (D)         Family (Fa)       Family 1 (A)         Family 2 (B)       Family 3 (C)         Family 4 (D)       Model 1 (A)         Model (dl)       Model 3 (C)         Model 4 (D)       Model 4 (D)         Operation Mode (Opr)       Operation Mode (Opr)         Operation Mode (Opr)       Operation Mode (Oper)         Operation Mode (Opr)       Operation Mode

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EEV D (EED)	
Power (Pr)	
Current (Cur)	
SW version (SOF)	
Timer (Tr)	
Compressor Time (COP)	

Notes

- For the temperature display, when a thermistor is shorted, disconnected show FLT, when it's disabled show DIS.
- It is possible to present a number between 999 and 99,999 by alternating between two numbers (each number is presented for 1 second). The two numbers format is (off)xx, yyy.
- The compressor time is measured in hour's units.
- o The modes: Cool, Heat, Dry, Fan Auto will be presented: CL, Ht, dr, FAn, AUt.
- o The current is the AC current of the unit.
- The models A, b, C, and d will be presented -A-, -b-, -c-, and -d- respectively.

ODU4	ODU3	ODU2	ODU1	ODU0	ODU	Compressor Type	
					Model	Single Split	Multi Split
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Р	Sanyo	Mitsubishi
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Q	Panasonic	Panasonic
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	R		
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	S		
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Т		
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	U		
ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	V		
ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	W		
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Х		
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Y		
ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Z		
ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	AA		
ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	AB		
ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	AC		
ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	AD		
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	AE		

## 11.9 Jumper settings

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## 11.10 System Parameters

## 11.10.1 General parameters

#	Name	Default Value	Units
1.	MinOFFTime	3	minute
2.	MinONTime	3	minute
3.	HzUp_CTTOH	2 / 60 /8	Hz / Sec/NA
4.	HzDown1_CTTOH	-2 / 60 /5	Hz / Sec/NA
5.	HzDown2_CTTOH	-4 / 60 /3	Hz / Sec/NA
6.	HzDown1_CCROC	-1 / 2 /1	Hz / Sec/NA
7.	HzUp_ CCROC	1 / 30 /7	Hz / Sec/NA
8.	HzUp_ICTDef	2 /60 / 8	Hz / Sec/NA
9.	HzDown1_ICTDef	-3 / 60 / 4	Hz / Sec/NA
10.	HzDown2_ICTDef	-4 / 30 / 2	Hz / Sec/NA
11.	HzUp_HSTOH	2 / 60 /8	Hz / Sec/NA
12.	HzDown1_HSTOH	-3 / 60 / 4	Hz / Sec/NA
13.	HzDown2_HSTOH	-4 / 30 / 2	Hz / Sec/NA
14.	HzUp_ICTOH	2 /60 / 8	Hz / Sec/NA
15.	HzDown1_ICTOH	-3 / 60 / 4	Hz / Sec/NA
16.	HzDown2_ICTOH	-4 / 30 / 2	Hz / Sec/NA
17.	HzUp_OMTOH	2 /60 / 8	Hz / Sec/NA
18.	HzDown1_OMTOH	-3 / 60 / 4	Hz / Sec/NA
19.	HzDown2_OMTOH	-4 / 30 / 2	Hz / Sec/NA
20.	HzUp_ OVRPWR	1 / 30 /7	Hz / Sec/NA
21.	HzDown1_ OVRPWR	-1 / 2 /1	Hz / Sec/NA
22.	StopRise	0/1/6	Hz / Sec/NA
23.	DImin	30	minute
24.	DImax	120	Minute
25.	TimeD	1	Minute
26.	DTmin	2	Minute
27.	DIT	10	Minute
28.	CTMRUP	10	Minute
29.	DIF	30	Minute
30.	TCT	240	Second
31.	CompBalanceTimeA	5	minute
32.	IDUChngBalanceTime	2	minute
33.	CompBalanceTimeIA	10	minute
34.	DEICT1	60	second

Name	Default Value	Units
DEICT2	36	second
-		second
	-	°C
		0
		second
0		second
EEVTimeMultiSHC		second
EEVTimeCTTProtection		second
FEVTimeSCProtection		second
		second
EEVTimeMultiCTT		second
EEVTimeMultiSCH		second
EEVTimeMultiDSHH		second
FEVTimeMultiFBH		Second
	120	Second
		Second
		°C
	-	°C
	-	Sec
		NA
	59	°C
	DEICT2 DEICT3 DSTF OMTOH0 OMTOH1 OMTOH2 OMTOH2 OMTOH3 OMTOH3 OMTOH4 OMTOH5 EEVLearning EEVLearning EEVTimeSingleDSH EEVTimeSingleCTT EEVTimeMultiSHC EEVTimeSCProtection EEVTimeMultiDSHC EEVTimeMultiDSHC EEVTimeMultiDSHC	Name         Value           DEICT2         36           DEICT3         6           DSTF         12           OMTOH0         50           OMTOH1         53           OMTOH2         56           OMTOH3         59           OMTOH4         61           OMTOH5         63           EEVLearning         1           EEVTimeSingleDSH         30           EEVTimeSingleDSH         30           EEVTimeScProtection         60           EEVTimeMultiSHC         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHC         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHC         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHC         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHH         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHH         30           EEVTimeMultiDSHH         30           InstTestIFANHighITime         120           InstTestIFANHighITime         120           InstTestIFANHighITime         5           PI_Time_Cnst         50           EEVLogicType         1

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## 11.10.2 ODU Model Dependent Parameters

#	Name	Q YAZ218	Unit	#	Name	Q YAZ218	Unit
1.	MinFreqC	20	Hz	57.	OCTExitDeicer	12	°C
2.	MinFreqCA	40	Hz	58.	MaxDeicerTime	15	Minute
3.	MaxFreqCSingle	79	Hz	62.	EEVDecierOpenSingle	200	Step
4.	MaxFreqCMulti	95	Hz	63.	EEVDecierOpenMulti	200	Step
5.	MinFreqH	20	Hz	59.	DeicerCoef	0.8	NA
6.	MinFreqHA	40	Hz	60.	EEV_Active_H_Isotherm	6	°C
7.	MaxFreqHSingle	84	Hz	61.	EEV_Active_H_SC	10	°C
8.	MaxFreqHMulti	95	Hz	62.	EEV_Active_H_SC_Crct	1	°C
9.	HPAtMinFreqC	42	°C	63.	ELV_ACIVE_N_SC_ORC	1	0
10.	HPAtMinFreqCA	55	°C	64.	OVRPWR0	2350	Watt
11.	HPAtMinFreqH	42	°C	65.	OVRPWR1	2500	Watt
12.	HPAtMinFreqHA	55	°C	66.	OVRPWR2	2650	Watt
13.	LoadDeadZone	I-T		67.	OVRPWR3	2800	Watt
14.	DeicerFreq	80	Hz	68.		2000	NA
15.	ODUCodeC	I-T		69.	MinSumCapCode MaxSumCapCode	3	NA
16.	ODUCodeH	I-T			1	2	
17.	EEVCpctyCrct	I-T		70. 71.	Max_IDU_Number Default IDU Number	2	NA
18.	Step1Freq	40	Hz			35	
19.	Step2Freq	55	Hz	72.	InstTestCompSpeed	35 180	Chan
20.	Step3Freq	65	Hz	73.	InstTestEEV		Step
21.	Step4Freq	75	Hz	74.	OCT_OFAN_Noise_Max	8	°C
22.	Step1Time	3	min	75.	OMT_OFAN_Noise_Max	38	°C
23.	Step2Time	5	min	76.	OFANType	2	NA
24.	Step3Time	1	min	77.	OFMinPercentC	27	NA
25.	Step4Time	1	min	78.	OFMinPercentH	27	NA
26.	OilLubricationFreq	32	Hz	79.	OFNNoiseMaxPercent	85	NA
27.	OFMinRPMC	NA	*10RPM	80.	NightPercent	50	NA
28.	OFMinRPMH	NA	*10RPM	64.	Target_CTT_Alpha_C	1.528	NA
29.	OFMaxRPM	NA	*10RPM	65.	Target_CTT_Beta_C	0.861	NA
30.	NightRPM	NA	*10RPM	66.	Target_CTT_Gamma_C	0.016	NA
31.	OFNNoiseMaxRPM	NA	*10RPM	67.	Target_CTT_Delta_C	8.408	NA
32.	CTTOH0	78	°C	68.	Target_CTT_Alpha_H	0.773	NA
33.	CTTOH1	85	°C	69.	Target_CTT_Beta_H	-0.248	NA
34.	CTTOH2	90	°C	70.	Target_CTT_Gamma_H	0.465	NA
35.	СТТОНЗ	95	°C	71.	Target_CTT_Detla_H	5.161	NA
36.	CTTOH4	100	°C	81.	ICTDef0	13	°C
37.	CTTOH5	105	°C	82.	ICTDef1	10	°C
38.	CCROC0	9.0	А	83.	ICTDef2	8	°C
39.	CCROC1	10.5	А	84.	ICTDef3	6	°C
40.	CCROC2	11.5	А	85.	ICTDef4	3	°C
41.	CCROC3	13.0	А	86.	ICTDef5	0	°C
42.	HSTOH0	65	°C	87.	ІСТОНО	41	-
43.	HSTOH1	71	°C	88.	ICTOH1	45	°C
44.	HSTOH2	74	°C	89.	ICTOH2	49	°C
45.	HSTOH3	77	°C	90.	ІСТОНЗ	53	°C
46.	HSTOH4	80	°C	91.	ІСТОН4	57	°C
47.	HSTOH5	84	°C	92.	ІСТОН5	61	°C
48.	EEVSCProtection	12	°C	93.	EEV_OL_Alpha1_S_C	5.462	NA
49.	EEVMinOperOpenC	50	Step	93.	EEV_OL_Beta1_S_C	0.788	NA
50.	EEVMaxOperOpenC	480	Step	95.	EEV_OL_ Gamma1_S_C	1.747	NA
51.	EEVMinOperOpenH	60	Step	95. 96.	EEV_OL_Gamma1_S_C	-89	NA
52.	EEVMaxOperOpenH	480	Step	90.	EEV_OL_Alpha2_S_C	6.244	
53.	EEVMinOperOpenHInactive	50	Step	97.	EEV_OL_Alpha2_S_C	-2.734	
54.	EEVMaxOperOpenHInactive	120	Step	98. 99.	EEV_OL_Bela2_S_C	1.714	
			•	99. 100.	EEV_OL_Gamma2_S_C	-38	NA
55.	InvAccel	3	NA			6.244	
56.	InvDecel	1	NA	101.	EEV_OL_Alpha3_S_C	0.244	

## CONTROL SYSTEM



_				
#	Name	Q YAZ218	Unit	
102.	EEV_OL_Beta3_S_C	-2.734		
103.	EEV_OL_ Gamma3 _S_C	1.714		
104.	EEV_OL_Delta3_S_C	-38	NA	
105.	EEV_OL_Alpha1_S_H	0	NA	
106.	EEV_OL_Beta1_S_H	3.308	NA	
107.	EEV_OL_ Gamma1_S_H	1.378	NA	
108.	EEV_OL_Delta1_S_H	26	NA	
109.	EEV_OL_Alpha2_S_H	0	NA	
110.	EEV_OL_Beta2_S_H	3.308	NA	
111.	EEV_OL_ Gamma2_S_H	1.378	NA	
112.	EEV_OL_Delta2_S_H	26	NA	
113.	EEV_OL_Alpha3_S_H	-0.078	NA	
114.	EEV_OL_Beta3_S_H	2.453	NA	
115.	EEV_OL_ Gamma3_S_H	1.368	NA	
116.	EEV_OL_Delta3_S_H	32	NA	
117.	EEV_OL_OAT1_S_C	25	NA	
118.	EEV_OL_OAT2_S_C	35	NA	
119.	EEV_OL_OAT1_S_H	-3	NA	
120.	EEV_OL_OAT2_S_H	9	NA	
121.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M1_C	6.736	NA	
122.	EEV_OL_Beta_M1_C	0.246	NA	
123.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M1_C	3.067	NA	
124.	EEV_OL_Delta _M1_C	-132	NA	
125.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M2_C	5.246	NA	
126.	EEV_OL_Beta_M2_C	-0.312	NA	
127.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M2_C	1.796	NA	
128.	EEV_OL_Delta_M2_C	-93	NA	
129.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M3_C	NA	NA	
130.	EEV_OL_Beta_M3_C	NA	NA	

#	Name	Q YAZ218	Unit
131.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M3_C	NA	NA
132.	EEV_OL_Delta _M3_C	NA	NA
133.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M4_C	NA	NA
134.	EEV_OL_Beta_M4_C	NA	NA
135.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M4_C	NA	NA
136.	EEV_OL_Delta_M4_C	NA	NA
137.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M1_H	0	NA
138.	EEV_OL_Beta_M1_H	7.266	NA
139.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M1_H	5.016	NA
140.	EEV_OL_Delta _M1_H	-136	NA
141.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M2_H	0	NA
142.	EEV_OL_Beta_M2_H	7.782	NA
143.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M2_H	3.336	NA
144.	EEV_OL_Delta_M2_H	-122	NA
145.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M3_H	NA	NA
146.	EEV_OL_Beta_M3_H	NA	NA
147.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M3_H	NA	NA
148.	EEV_OL_Delta _M3_H	NA	NA
149.	EEV_OL_Alpha_M4_H	NA	NA
150.	EEV_OL_Beta_M4_H	NA	NA
151.	EEV_OL_ Gamma _M4_H	NA	NA
152.	EEV_OL_Delta _M4_H	NA	NA

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## 11.10.3 Indoor Units SW Parameters

#### 11.10.3.1 General Parameters for All Models:

# Parameters defining the indoor fan speed as a function of Indoor Coil temperature in heat mode (ICT):

ICTST Speed	ICT to stop indoor fan	25
ICTVLSpeed	ICT to go down to very low speed	28
ICTLSpeed	ICT to start in very low speed	30
ICTHSpeed	ICT to start in increase speed from very low	32
ICTTSpeed	ICT to enable Turbo fan speed	40

#### Parameters for IDU defrost protection:

ICTDef1	ICT to go back to normal	8
ICTDef2	ICT to 'stop rise' when ICT decrease	6
ICTDef3	ICT to 'stop rise' when ICT is stable	4
ICTDef4	ICT to 'Hz Down' when ICT decrease	2
ICTDef5	ICT to 'Hz Down' when ICT is stable	0
ICTDef6	ICT to stop compressor	-2

#### Parameters for indoor coil over heating protection:

ICTOH1	ICT to go back to normal	45
ICTOH2	ICT to 'stop rise' when ICT increase	48
ICTOH3	ICT to 'stop rise' when ICT is stable	52
ICTOH4	ICT to 'Hz Down' when ICT increase	55
ICTOH5	ICT to 'Hz Down' when ICT is stable	60
ICTOH6	ICT to stop compressor	62

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## 12. TROUBLESHOOTING

## WARNING!!!

When Power Up – the whole outdoor unit controller, including the wiring, is under HIGH VOLTAGE!!!

Never open the Outdoor unit before turning off the Power!!! When turned off, the system is still charged (400V)!!! It takes about 1 Min. to discharge the system.

Touching the controller before discharging may cause an electrical shock!!!

For safe handling of the controller please refer to section 12.5 below.

## 12.1 General System Failures and Corrective Actions

No	SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
1.	Indoor unit power supply indicator (Red LED) does not light up.	No power supply	Check power supply. If OK, check display and display wiring. if OK, replace controller	
2.	Indoor unit does not respond to remote control message	Remote control message not reached the indoor unit	Check remote control batteries, if OK, check display and display wiring, if OK, replace display PCB. If still not OK replace controller	
3.	Indoor unit responds to remote control message but Operate indicator (Green LED) does not light up	Problem with display PCB	Replace display PCB. If still not OK replace controller	
	Indoor fan does not start (louvers are opened and Green LED is ON)	Unit in heat mode and coil is still not warm	Change to cool mode	
		Outdoor unit is in opposite mode	Change operation mode	
4.		Problem with controller or capacitor	Change to high speed and Check power supply to motor is higher than 130VAC (for triack controlled motor) or higher than 220VAC for fixed speed motors, if OK replace capacitor, if not OK replace controller	
5.	Indoor fan works when unit is OFF, and indoor fan speed is not changed by remote control command.	Controller problem	Replace controller	
6.	Water leakage from indoor unit	Indoor unit drainage tube is blocked	Check and open drainage tube	
7.	One indoor unit or more are operating in cool mode with no capacity, and the other units have water leaks/freezing problems	The communication wires of the indoor units	Check and correct the communication wires	
8.	One indoor or more are operating in heat mode with a limited capacity, and the coil on the other units are very hot.	are switched	connection	
9.	Outdoor unit display board and leds are off	No power supply	Check the connections and the wiring on the main	
terminal - Repair if needed.				

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#### TROUBLESHOOTING

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No	SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION					
		PFC Chock coil	- Repair if needed Check the PFC Chock coil					
		Burnt fuse	Check 20A fuse on the Filter (12.4.2)					
		EEV problem	Check EEV (12.4.5)					
	Compressor operates but one or	Refrigerant leakage	Check refrigeration system (12.2)					
10.	more units generates no capacity	Indoor coil block	Clean filters and/or remove block					
		Outdoor coil block	Remove block and/or avoid air by-pass					
		EEV problem	Check EEV (12.4.5)					
	Compressor is over heated and unit	Refrigerant leakage	Check refrigeration system (12.2)					
11.	does not generate capacity	Indoor coil block	Clean filters and/or remove block					
		Outdoor coil block	Remove block and/or avoid air by-pass					
12.	Compressor stops during operation	Electronic control	Check diagnostics (see 12.3 below)					
12.	Compressor stops during operation	Refrigerant leakage	Check refrigeration system (12.2)					
13.	Not all units are operating	Communication problems	Check diagnostics (see 12.3					
14.	Compressor does not start	Electronics control problem or protection	below)					
15.	Unit works in wrong mode (cool instead of heat or heat instead of cool)	Electronics or RV problem	Check RV (12.4.4)					
16.	All components are operating properly but no cooling or no heating	Refrigerant leak	Check refrigeration system (12.2)					
17.	Compressor motor is generating noise and no suction occurs	Phase order to compressor is wrong	Check compressor phase order					
18.	Freezing of outdoor unit in heat mode and outdoor unit base is blocked with ice		Connect base heater					
19.	The unit stop suddenly during operation	EMC interference to the	Check for EMC problems					
20.	Indoor unit(s) Indicator(s) leds may flicker	A/C unit	(12.4.8.1)					
21.	Other home appliances operation is faulty such as noise appears in the television picture, or the picture is distorted or static occurs in the radio sound	EMC interference by the A/C unit	Check for EMC problems (12.4.8.2)					
22.	All others	Specific problems of indoor or outdoor units	Check diagnostics (see 12.3 below)					

## 12.2 Checking the refrigeration system

Checking system pressures and other thermodynamic measures should be done when system is in technician Mode where the system operates as in fixed settings. The performance curves given in this manual are given for unit performance in Technician mode when high indoor fan speed is selected. For entering technician mode, refer to 11.7.

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## 12.3 Diagnostics

#### 12.3.1 Fault Code for Outdoor unit

The last fault occurred in the system will be stored in the EEPROM.

If no fault exist in the system, no fault code will be displayed during normal operation mode. For single Split units only, when system enters diagnostics mode (through IDU communication), the last fault code will be displayed even if the system has recover from that fault. The last fault will be deleted from the EEPROM after the system has exit diagnostics mode (through IDU communication). The current system operation mode (cool/ heat/ off) will not be changed when system enters diagnostics.

The coding method is as follow:

STATUS LED is blinking 5 times in 5 seconds, and shut off for the next 5 seconds. FAULT LED will blink during the same 5 seconds according to the following table

No	Problem	AO	5	4	3	2	1
1	OCT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	0	0	1
2	CTT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	0	1	0
3	HST is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	0	1	1
4	OAT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	1	0	0
5	OMT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	1	0	1
6	RGT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	1	1	0
7	RLT is shorted/disconnected	Yes	0	0	1	1	1
8	Reserved	No	0	1	0	0	0
9	Reserved	No	0	1	0	0	1
10	Reserved	No	0	1	0	1	0
11	Compressor IPM Fault / IPM Driver Pin / Compressor Current Sensor Fault	Yes	0	1	0	1	1
12	Bad EEPROM	No	0	1	1	0	0
13	DC under voltage	Yes	0	1	1	0	1
14	DC over voltage	Yes	0	1	1	1	0
15	AC under voltage/AC over Voltage/Zero Crossing detection	Yes	0	1	1	1	1
16	Mismatch between IDU & ODU models	Yes	1	0	0	0	0
17	No Communication	Yes	1	0	0	0	1
18	System Over Power	Yes	1	0	0	1	0
19	PFC Current sensor	Yes	1	0	0	1	1
20	Heat sink Over Heating	No	1	0	1	0	0
21	Deicing	No	1	0	1	0	1
22	Compressor Over Heating	No	1	0	1	1	0
23	Compressor Over Current	No	1	0	1	1	1
24	No OFAN Feedback	Yes	1	1	0	0	0
25	OFAN IPM fault / OFAN IPM Driver Pin	Yes	1	1	0	0	1
26	Compressor Lock	Yes	1	1	0	1	0
27	Bad Communication	No	1	1	0	1	1
28	Missing ODU configuration	Yes	1	1	1	0	0
29	Undefined ODU Model	Yes	1	1	1	0	1
30	Outdoor/Indoor Coil Overheating	No	1	1	1	1	0
31	Operation conditions are exceeded	Yes	1	1	1	1	1

#### 1 – ON, 0 – OFF

Only one code is shown. Order of priority is 1-24. Diagnostics is continuously ON as long power is on.

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## 12.3.2 Outdoor unit diagnostics and corrective actions

No	Fault Name	Fault Description	Corrective Action
1	OCT bad	•	
2	CTT bad		
3	HST bad	Thermistor not connected or	
4	OAT bad	damaged	Check Thermistor (12.4.6)
5	OMT bad		
6	RGT bad		
7	RLT bad		
8	Reserved	NA	NA
9	Reserved	NA	NA
10	Reserved	NA	NA
11	Compressor IPM Fault / IPM Driver Pin / Compressor Current Sensor Fault	PM module detect shoot-through current / IPM driver control pin is unconditionally latch to high state / The quiescent reference voltage of sensor resistor is either too high or too low.	Disconnect the compressor plug and measure between U-V, U-W for resistance using multimeter. Resistance value should be below 1 OHM. If multimeter display high resistance, replace compressor. Make sure the phase sequence of U- V-W is correctly plug into the compressor, othewise replace controller if error is persistent
12	Bad EEPROM	Writing to EEPROM is impossible or EEPROM IC is damage	There is no electrinonic corrective action, just replace controller if error is persistent. Note: A/C still be able to operate, but no event logging and mode restore on power up
13	DC under voltage	The capacitor bank DC voltage supply for the compressor is below operable value	Check AC input line voltage RMS value, it should read above 198VAC. If voltage is above 198VAC, and DC under voltage error is continuous display, replace controller.
14	DC over voltage	The capacitor bank DC voltage supply for the compressor is too high value	Check AC input line voltage RMS value, it should read below 264VAC. If voltage is below 264VAC, and DC over voltage error is continuously display, replace controller.
15	AC under voltage/AC over Voltage/Zero Crossing detection	The AC input supply voltage is below the limit of 198V / The AC input supply voltage is above 264V / The AC line frequency is out of range from 45Hz to 55Hz.	Check AC input line voltage RMS value, it should read in the range of 198VAC – 264VAC. Check AC input line operating frequency, it should be in the range from 45Hz to 55Hz. If error is continuously being display, replace controller.
16	Mismatch between IDU & ODU models	Miss-match between the IDUs connected to port A,B,C or D, or the total capacity code of IDUs is higher than the ODU maximum capacity code	Change configuration if needed.
17	No Communication	No signals in lineA,B,C,D	Check communication (12.4.7)
18	System Over Power	Compressor stopped due to over power protection	No action required
19	PFC Current sensor	Controller cannot detect valid AC line current after compressor start	If error is continuously being display, replace controller.



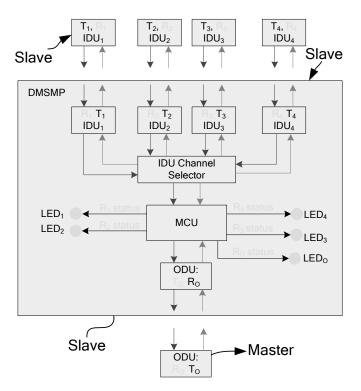
### TROUBLESHOOTING

No	Fault Name	Fault Description	Corrective Action
20	Heat sink Over Heating	Compressor stopped due to	Check that the airflow around the
-		heatsink protection	ODU is free and the fan is running free. Check fan motor
21	Deicing	During deicing procedure	No action required
22	Compressor Over Heating	Compressor stopped due to over heat protection	Check if gas is missing in the system
23	Compressor Over Current	Compressor stopped due to over current protection	No action required
24	No OFAN Feedback	No encoder signal can be detected from the OFAN	Check DC-FAN hall sensor connection/plug for damage. Check DC-FAN for any blockage. Measure between U-V, U-W for resistance using multimeter. Resistance value should be below 1 OHM. If multimeter display high resistance, replace DC-FAN motor, otherewise replace controller.
25	OFAN IPM fault / OFAN IPM Driver Pin	OFAN IPM module detect shoot- through current / OFAN IPM driver control pin is unconditionally latch to high state	Check DC-FAN hall sensor connection/plug for damage. Check DC-FAN for any blockage. Measure between U-V, U-W for resistance using multimeter. Resistance value should be below 1 OHM. If multimeter display high resistance, replace DC-FAN motor. Return controller if error is persistent.
26	Compressor Lock	No correct drive current can be detected from the compressor	Check compressor cable or compressor wire assembly. Make sure the phase sequence of U-V-W is correctly plug into the compressor.
27	Bad Communication	Lost of communication from indoor unit	Check communication wire between indoor and outdoor unit
28	Missing ODU configuration	All the DIP is set to 0 (the DIP are not configured).	This problem cannot happen in DCI80. Previously, this fault is used to detect model plug that fall down.
29	Undefined ODU Model	The outdoor model is not defined in the software.	Wrong Outdoor DIP setting. Too old outdoor software. Update software
30	Outdoor/Indoor Coil Overheating	This protection combines the following: Overheating in cooling mode (based on OMT reading). Overheating in heating mode based on ICT.	Improper ventilation of the coils Over charged system Problem with ICT sensors or OMT sensor (fake up). Illegal too small indoor unit's installation (heating).
31	Operation conditions are exceeded	For cooling:	This is not a fault but information on the ambient operation: The unit operates outside the defined operation range. The OAT fakes and cause false alarm.

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## 12.3.3 DMSMP diagnostics

The DMSMP system has 4 IDU LEDs, 1 ODU LED, and 1 Power LED. Each communication channel is built up from receiving and transmitting channels. The outdoor controller is the master of communication (always initiated communication) while the DMSMP and indoor are slave (responds only when it receives).



Channel	LED
R <sub>i</sub> has communication	The relevant LED <sub>i</sub> will be ON.
R <sub>i</sub> has no communication	The relevant LED <sub>i</sub> will be Off.

Damage	ODU	IDU	LED o	n DMSN	1P			How to check?
Damage	000	100	1	2	3	4	0	HOW TO CHECK:
T₀(ODU)	No Com	All no com	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Voltage To(ODU) no change
R₀(DMSMP)	No Com	All no com	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Voltage To(ODU) changes Voltage Ro(DMSMP) no change
T₀(DMSMP)	No com	All ok	On	On	On	On	On	Voltage Ro(DMSMP) changes Voltage To(DMSMP) no change
Ro(ODU)	No com	All ok	On	On	On	On	On	Voltage To (DMSMP) changes. Voltage To (ODU) no changes.
T <sub>4</sub> (DMSMP)	Ok	Indoor 4	On	On	On	Off	On	Exchange with other
R <sub>4</sub> (IDU)	Ok	Indoor 4	On	On	On	Off	On	IDU to know the
T4(IDU)	Ok	All ok	On	On	On	Off	On	problem is in the IDU
R4(DMMSP)	Ok	All ok	On	On	On	Off	On	or the DMSMP.

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#### 12.3.4 Fault Code for Indoor unit

Pressing Mode button for long will activate diagnostic mode by the acknowledgment of 3 short beeps and lighting of COOL and HEAT LED's.

When Indoor diagnostics is displayed, all four LED's (STBY, Operate, Filter, TMR) are on. Entering diagnostics in STBY mode allows only viewing of status (fault-display).

In diagnostic mode, system problems / information will be indicated by blinking of Heat & Cool LED's.

The coding method will be as follows:

Heat led will blink 5 times in 5 seconds, and then will be shut off for the next 5 seconds. Cool Led will blink during the same 5 seconds according to the following table:

No	Fault Name	5	4	3	2	1
1	RT-1 is disconnected	~	~	~	~	I
2	RT-1 is shorted	~	~	~	I	~
3	RT-2 is disconnected	~	~	~	1	1
4	RT-2 is shorted	~	~	1	~	~
	Reserved	~	~	1	~	1
7	Communication mismatch	~	~	1	1	1
8	No Communication	~	1	~	~	2
9	No Encoder	~	1	~	~	1
10	Reserved	0	1	0	1	0
11	Outdoor Unit Fault	0	1	0	1	1
	Reserved					
17	Defrost protection	1	~	~	~	1
18	Deicing Protection	1	~	~	1	~
19	Outdoor Unit Protection	1	~	~	1	1
20	Indoor Coil HP Protection	1	~	1	~	~
21	Overflow Protection	1	~	1	~	1
	Reserved					
24	EEPROM Not Updated	1	1	~	~	~
25	Bad EEPROM	1	1	~	~	1
26	Bad Communication	1	1	~	1	~
27	Using EEPROM data	1	1	~	1	1
28	Model A	1	1	1	~	2
29	Model B	1	1	1	~	1
30	Model C	1	1	1	1	~
31	Model D	1	1	1	1	1

1 - ON,0 - OFF

Only one code is shown. Order of priority is lower to the higher number. Diagnostics is continuously ON as long power is on.

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No.	Fault	Probable Cause	Corrective Action
1-4	Sensor failures	Sensors not connected or damaged	Check sensor connections or replace sensor
7	Communication mismatch	Indoor and Outdoor controllers are with different versions	Replace Indoor controller
8	No Communication	Communication or grounding wiring is not good	Check Indoor to Outdoor wiring and grounding
9	No Encoder	Indoor electronics or motor	Check motor wiring, if ok, replace motor, if still not ok, replace Indoor controller.
11	Outdoor Unit Fault	Outdoor controller problem	Switch to Outdoor diagnostics.
17-21	Protections	Indication	No action
24	EEPROM Not Updated	System is using ROM parameters and not EEPROM parameters	No action, unless special parameters are required for unit operation.
25	Bad EEPROM		No action, unless special parameters are required for unit operation.
26	Bad Communication	Communication quality is low reliability	Check Indoor to Outdoor wiring and grounding
27	Using EEPROM data	No problem	
28-31	IDU model	Indication : DCI-25,35,50,60	

#### 12.3.5 Indoor unit diagnostics and corrective actions

## 12.4 Procedures for checking Main Parts

#### 12.4.1 Checking Mains Voltage

Confirm that the Mains voltage is between 198 and 264 VAC. If Mains voltage is out of this range, abnormal operation of the system is expected. If in range check the Power (Circuit) Breaker and look for broken or loosed cable lugs or wiring mistake(s).

#### 12.4.2 Checking Main fuse

Check 20A fuse on the Filter Board - If burnt – check the compressor, fan or any other peripheral that can cause a short. In case of a problematic peripheral - replace it. In case no problematic peripheral, check the resistance on the DC bank (B+ & B- on the Power board), if it is less than  $30\Omega$ , replace the controller. Otherwise replace the burnt fuse. In case of frequent burning fuse, replace the controller.

#### 12.4.3 Checking the Compressor

Check Compressor connections - Repair if needed.

Use a current probe ("Clamp") to assure that there is an AC current on each phase – no more than 15A.

In case there is no current, check the resistance between the three poles. Assure the three coil resistances are almost the same (between  $0.8\Omega$  to  $1.5\Omega$ ).

Change to Stand-by or Power OFF and re-start - If the fault is still "Active" - replace controller.

#### 12.4.4 Checking the Reverse Valve (RV)

The RV has two parts, Solenoid and valve.

Solenoid - Running in heating mode, check the voltage between two pins of reverse valve connector, normal voltage is 230VAC. if no power supply to RV, Check RV operation with direct 230VAC power supply, if OK, replace outdoor controller.

Valve - if RV solenoid is OK (as above) but still no heating operation while compressor is On, replace the valve.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

12.4.5 Checking the electrical expansion valve (EEV)

The EEV has two parts, drive and valve.

When Outdoor unit is powered on, EEV shall run and have click and vibration. For assuring the problem is of the EEV parts, perform the installation test. check (11.6) and if fails and no other indications in the diagnostics, than the problem is with the EEV (one or more).

Drive - a step motor; ringed on the valve. Check the drive voltage, should be12VDC. Valve – if drive is OK (as above) but still the indoor unit perform no conditioning replace the valve (no need to take out the refrigerant, just pump down and shut off the main valves).

#### **12.4.6** Checking the thermistors

Check Thermistor connections and wiring - Repair if needed. Check Thermistor resistance – between 0°C and 40°C should be between  $35K\Omega$  and  $5K\Omega$ .

#### 12.4.7 Checking the communication

Change to Stand-by or Power OFF and re-start - If the fault is still "Active" check Indoor to Outdoor Communication wiring and grounding connections (should be less than  $2.0\Omega$ ) - Repair if needed.

If IDU failure - replace IDU controller that does not respond.

If ODU failure - replace ODU.

#### 12.4.8 Checking for electromagnetic interference (EMC problems)

#### 12.4.8.1 EMC troubles to the A/C unit

#### Locations most susceptible to noise :

- 1. Locations near broadcast stations where there are strong electromagnetic waves.
- 2. Locations near amateur radio (short wave) stations.
- 3. Locations near electronic sewing machines and arc-welding machines.

#### Trouble :

Either of the following trouble may occur:

- 1. The unit may stop suddenly during operation.
- 2. Indicator lamps may flicker

#### **Correction :**

The fundamental concept is to make the system less susceptible to noise (insulate for noise or distance from the noise source):

- 1. Use shielded wires.
- 2. Move unit away from the noise source.

#### 12.4.8.2 EMC troubles to near by home appliances

#### Locations most susceptible to noise :

- 1. A television or radio is located near the A/C and A/C wiring.
- 2. The antenna cable for a television or radio is located close to the A/C and A/C wiring.
- 3. Locations where television and radio signals are weak.

#### Trouble :

- 1. Noise appears in the television picture, or the picture is distorted.
- 2. Static occurs in the radio sound.

#### Correction

1. Select a separate power source.

2. Keep the A/C and A/C wiring at least 1 meter away from wireless devices and antenna cables.

- 3. Change the wireless device's antenna to a high sensitivity antenna.
- 4. Change the antenna cable to a BS coaxial cable.
- 5. Use a noise filter (for the wireless device).
- 6. Use a signal booster.

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## 12.5 Precaution, Advise and Notice Items

#### 12.5.1 High voltage in Outdoor unit controller

Whole controller, including the wires, connected to the Outdoor unit controller may have the potential hazard voltage when power is on. Touching the Outdoor unit controller may cause an electrical shock.

Advise: Don't touch the naked lead wire and don't insert finger, conductor or anything else into the controller when power is on.

#### 12.5.2 Charged Capacitors

Three large-capacity electrolytic capacitors are used in the Outdoor unit controller. Therefore, charging voltage (380VDC) remains after power down. Discharging takes about one minute after turned off. Touching the Outdoor unit controller before discharging may cause an electrical shock. When open the Outdoor unit controller cover, don't touch the soldering pin by hand or by any conductive material.

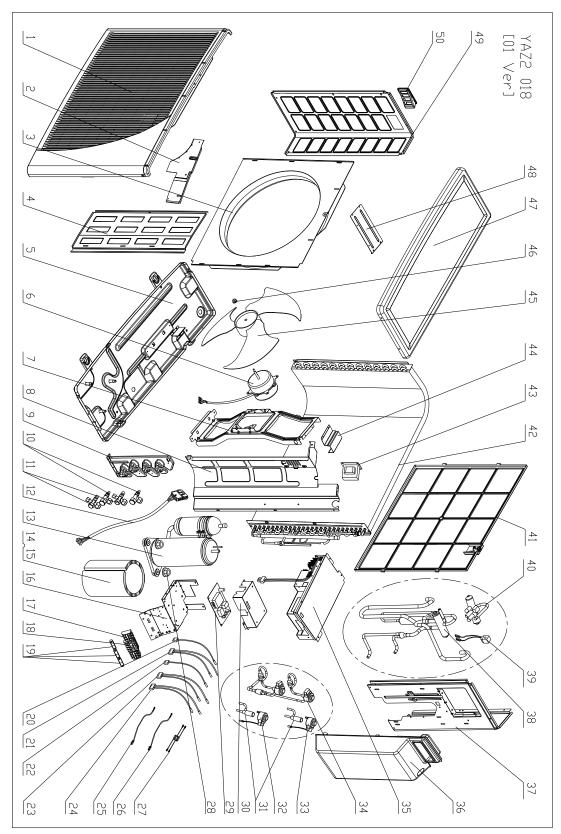
#### Advise:

- Open the Outdoor unit controller cover only after one minute from power off.
- Measure the electrolytic capacitors voltage before farther checking controller. Additional advises
- When disassemble the controller or the front panel, turn off the power supply.
- When connecting or disconnecting the connectors on the PCB, hold the whole housing, don't pull the wire.
- There are sharp fringes and sting on shell. Use gloves when disassemble the A/C units.



## 13. EXPLODED VIEW AND SPARE PART LIST

13.1 Multi YAZ218 – Exploded View



## 13.2 Multi YAZ218 DCI – Spare Part List

Item Seq.	Item	Description	Quantity
1	433218	Front Panel A	1
2	464250118	Fireproofing plate/ONG3 DIC	1
3	4526340	Air inlet ring-420	1
4	433223	Painting Insulation Plate	1
5	464600110	Base painting assy./DCI YAZ218	1
6	466100034R	Metal Motor /DCR 50 Z	1
7	4527203	Motor Support	1
8	464160024	Partition Plate/DCR 50 Z	1
9	4526430	Valve Support(painting plate)	1
10	461000004	Liquid Valve 1/4" R410A	2
10	461010004	Gas Valve 3/8" R410A	2
12	467000001	Compressor Power Cord/DCR CR 25/35	1
	407000001	· ·	
13	460150020R	Compressor Assy./ Panasonic 5RS132ZAD21	1
14	469120013	Insulation Felt+PVC/Compressor Panasonic 5RS132	1
15	469120020	Outside Insulation Felt+PVC/ Compressor	1
16	452823600	Terminal Plate Assy.	1
17	467420027	3 Poles Terminal Block	2
18	467420026	4 Poles Terminal Block	1
19	204107	Cable clip Nylon	3
20	467400056	OCT Outdoor Coil Temperature Sensor/10K/Copper-capsulation ¢6	1
21	467400040	Condenser Middle Temperature Sensor/OAT & OMT/DCR LC 25/35	1
22	467400200	CTT Compressor Top Temperature Sensor/10K/Resin-capsulation	1
23	467400082	Return Gas Temperature Sensor(RGT)/q6/DCI YAZ218	1
24	467400083	Return Liquid Temperature Sensor(RLT) / φ6/DCI YAZ218	1
25	4516540	ground wire,UL1015 12AWG,	2
26	455015206	ground wire,UL1015 16AWG,680mm	1
27	455014409	Connect Wire UL1015 14AWG	1
28	4510677	Nut With Flange M8 -D=24 GB6187-86	3
29	4010011	Communication Board /DMSMP	1
	467300232R		
30	464250161	Communication Board Box Cover /DMSMP/DCI YAZ218 R410A	1
31	4526827	Electronical expansion valve CAM-BD15 FKS-1	2
32	452682800	EEV coil CAM-MD12FKS-1 (Red, 530mm)	1
33	452682802	EEV coil CAM-MD12FKS-2 (White connector, 530mm)	1
34	461700045	Electronic Expansion Valve assy./DCI YAZ218	1
35	467300233R	Controller/DCR 50 LC ODU	1
36	465340083	Valve Cover/PP+UV 5VA/DCI DUO	1
37	4526429	Right Side Panel Painting Plate	1
38	461600095	4-Way valve assy./DCI YAZ218	1
39	4522509	4-Way valve coil	1
40	4518952	4-W valve SHF-7H for R410A	1
40	433228	Back Side Net	1
42	470660068	Condenser List/YAZ218 R410A	1
43	467550005R	Choke/ DCR 50 Z	1
44	452813200	coil stopper	1
45	4519251	Axial Fan OD=400	1
40	4519300	Nut M5 L	1
40	4519614	Painting Top Cover	1
47	4526298	Bridge	1
40	4519607	Left Side Panel Painting Plate	1
	433225	Handle	1
50	400220	ומוועוכ	

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# **14. APPENDIX A**

# **INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL**

SM YAZ218 1-A.2 GB